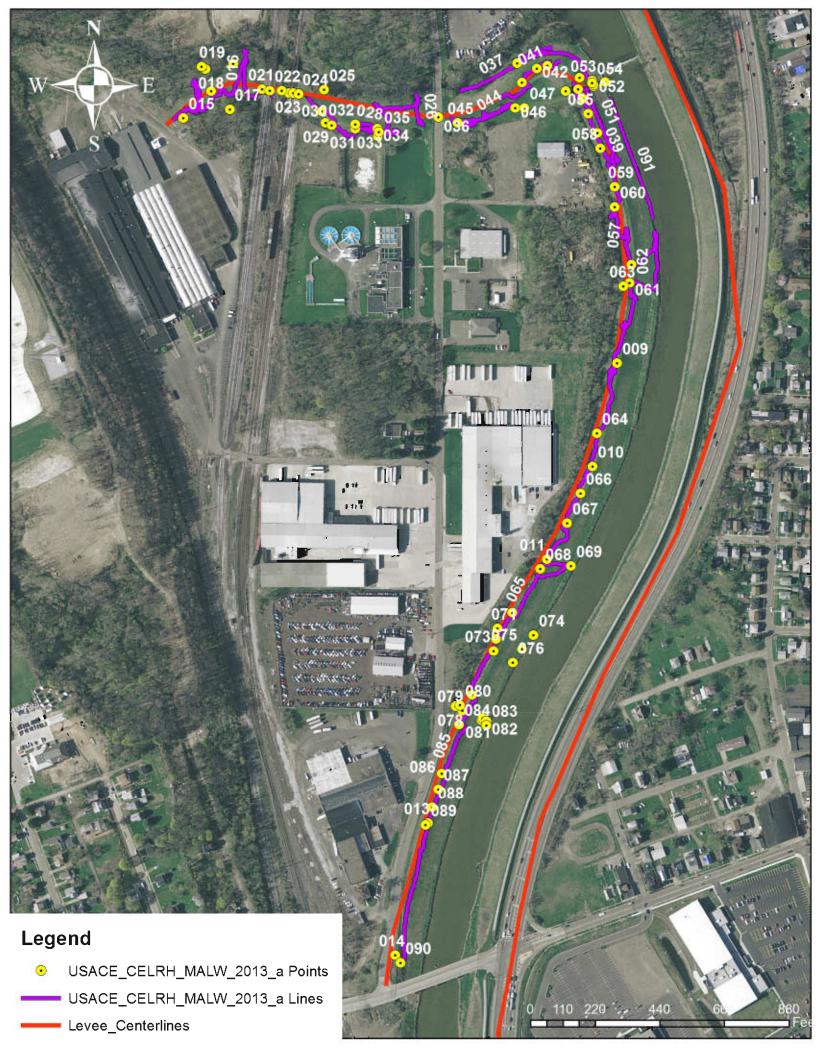


Flood Damage Reduction Segment / System Inspection Report

US Army Corps of Engineers®

Name of Segment / S	System:	Massillon, OH, LPP, (West)						
Public Sponsor(s):	City	of Massillon Ohio						
Public Sponsor Repro	esentat	ive: Jon Samsa, Maintenance Supervisor, V	Waste Water Treatment Dept.					
Sponsor Phone: 3	Sponsor Phone: 330-833-3304							
Sponsor Email: js	samsa(a	massillonohio.com						
Corps of Engineers In	nspecto	or: William Weekley, P.E., CFM		Inspection Start Date:	6/4/2013			
				Inspection End Date:	6/4/2013			
Inspection Report Pro	epared	By: William Weekley, P.E., CFM		Date Report Prepared:	6/25/2013			
Internal Technical Re	eview (for Periodic Inspections) By: Steve Spagna, P	P.G., CFM, LSPM	Date of ITR:	7/3/2013			
Final Approved By: John Bock, P.E., LSO				Date Approved:	9/16/2013			
Гуре of Inspection:		Initial Eligibility Inspection	Overall Segment / System Rating:	Acceptable				
	\boxtimes	Continuing Eligibility Inspection (Routine)		Minimally Accepta	able			
		Continuing Eligibility Inspection (Periodic)		Unacceptable				
Contents of Report:	\boxtimes	Instructions	Note: In addition to the report conte					
		Initial Eligibility Inspection	system, with stationing, should be in items rated less than acceptable. Pho					
	\boxtimes	General Items for All Flood Control Works	deficiencies should also be attached.		antion and any noted			
	\boxtimes	Levee Embankment	Note: This inspection rating represen					
	\boxtimes	Concrete Floodwalls	maintenance of the flood damage recother information for a levee certific					
		Sheet Pile and Concrete I-walls	Program (NFIP) purposes if applical					
	$\overline{\boxtimes}$	Interior Drainage System	does not equate to a certifiable levee					
		Pump Stations	currently accredited by the Federal I					
		FDR System Channels	purposes receiving a Corps Minimal by the levee owner to determine the		<u>U</u> ,			



Inspect_ID	Feature	Item	Rating	Remarks	Status
USACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0001	Levee Crown Only	Unwanted Vegetation Growth	A	Typical of levee.	Monitor
JSACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0003	· ·	Other (Specify in Remarks)	A	Stoplog Storage Building in good shape	Monitor
USACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0004	Flood Wall	Other (Specify in Remarks)	A	Floodwall between railroad gate closures in good repair.	Monitor
USACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0005	Levee Slope and Crown	Other (Specify in Remarks)	A	Levee in good condition. Grass needs cut to proper legnth.	Typical Conditions
JSACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0006	Pump Station	Other (Specify in Remarks)	A	Pump Station in Good condition	Monitor
JSACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0007	Concrete Surface	Other (Specify in Remarks)	A	Gatewell in good condition	Monitor
USACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0008	Levee Slope and Crown	Other (Specify in Remarks)	A	Levee in good condition. Grass needs cut to proper length.	Typical Conditions
JSACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0009	Levee Slope and Crown	Other (Specify in Remarks)	А	Levee in good condition. Grass needs cut to proper length.	Typical Conditions
USACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0010	Levee Slope and Crown	Other (Specify in Remarks)	A	Levee in good condition. Grass needs cut to proper length.	Typical Conditions
USACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0011	Levee Slope and Crown	Other (Specify in Remarks)	A	Levee in good condition. Grass needs cut to proper length.	Typical Conditions
USACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0012	Concrete Surface	Other (Specify in Remarks)	A	Gatewell Structure in good condition	Monitor
USACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0013	Levee Slope and Crown	Other (Specify in Remarks)	A	Levee in good condition. Grass needs cut to proper length.	Typical Conditions
USACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0014	Levee Slope and Crown	Other (Specify in Remarks)	A	Levee in Good Condition. Grass needs cut to proper length.	Typical Conditions
USACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0015	Levee Slope Only (L/S)	Debris	М	Debris at toe of slope	Resolved
USACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0016	Levee Slope and Crown	Unwanted Vegetation Growth	М	Significant tree and brush growth within 15' of the riverside and landside toe.	Resolved
USACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0017	Drainage Structure	Other (Specify in Remarks)	U	bottom portion of manhole. Lots of spalling all over structure and visible reinforcing on failed top portion of structure.	Unresolved
USACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0018	Drainage Structure	Other (Specify in Remarks)	A	Newman Creek North Catch Basin	Monitor
USACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0019	Drainage Structure	Other (Specify in Remarks)	U	Newman Creek Northwest Manhole-Spalling of concrete cover over masonry in a few locations Masonry around top of manhole is almost completely missing.	Unresolved
USACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0020	Drainage Structure	Other (Specify in Remarks)	A	Newman Creek Northeast Manhole	Monitor
JSACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0021	Concrete Floodwall	Other (Specify in Remarks)	A	Railroad Stop Log Closure West Wall	Monitor
USACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0022	Closure Structure	Other (Specify in Remarks)	A	B&O Railroad Stop Log Closure	Monitor
USACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0023	Closure Structure	Other (Specify in Remarks)	A	Penn Railroad Stop Log Closure	Monitor
USACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0024	Concrete Floodwall	Other (Specify in Remarks)	A	Railroad Stop Log Closure East Wall	Monitor
USACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0025	Other (Specify in Remarks)	Other (Specify in Remarks)	A	Ohio Water Service Co. Pump House	Monitor
USACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0026	Levee Slope and Crown	Unwanted Vegetation Growth	М	Significant tree and brush growth within 15' of the land and river side toe of slope.	Resolved
USACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0027	Levee Crown Only	Other (Specify in Remarks)	А	Rutting of crest and no sod cover.	Monitor
JSACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0028	Levee Slope Only (R/S)	Erosion	М	Erosion of stream bank at or within 15' of the toe of slope.	Monitor
USACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0029	Levee Slope Only (L/S)	Burrows	М	One rodent burrow on landside slope.	Resolved
JSACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0030	Levee Slope Only (L/S)	Burrows	М	One rodent burrow on landside slope.	Resolved
JSACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0031	Levee Slope Only (L/S)	Burrows	М	One rodent burrow on landside slope.	Resolved
JSACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0032	Levee Slope Only (L/S)	Burrows	М	One rodent burrow near top of landside slope.	Resolved
USACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0033	Levee Slope Only (L/S)	Burrows	М	One rodent burrow near top of landside slope.	Resolved
USACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0034	Levee Slope Only (L/S)	Burrows	А	Three partially backfilled rodent burrows on landside slope.	Resolved
USACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0035	Levee Slope Only (L/S)	Slope Stability	A	Irregular slope near toe of landside slope for ~200.	Resolved
USACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0036	Closure Structure	Other (Specify in Remarks)	A	Third Street NW Sand Bag Closure	Monitor

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USACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0037	Levee Slope Only (R/S)	Erosion	М	Erosion and caving of river bank within 15' of the levee toe.	Monitor
USACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0038	Levee Slope Only (R/S)	Burrows	M	3+ rodent burrows on riverside slope.	Resolved
USACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0039	Levee Slope Only (R/S)	Unwanted Vegetation Growth	A	Vegetation growth in riprap near confluence of Newman Creek and Tuscarawas River.	Resolved
USACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0040	Levee Slope Only (L/S)	Burrows	M	One rodent burrow near top of landside slope.	Resolved
USACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0041	Levee Slope Only (R/S)	Unwanted Vegetation Growth	M	Significant tree and brush growth within 15' of the toe of riverside slope.	Resolved
USACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0042	Levee Slope Only (L/S)	Burrows	M	One rodent burrow near top of landside slope.	Resolved
USACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0043	Berm	Burrows	M	Two rodent burrows near top of landside slope.	Resolved
USACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0044	Levee Slope and Crown	Unwanted Vegetation Growth	M	Significant treebrush growth within 15' of toe on land and river sides. Some trashdebris within 15' of the toe of landside slope.	Resolved
USACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0045	Levee Slope Only (L/S)	Encroachment	M	Utility pole on landside slope.	Resolved
USACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0046	Levee Slope Only (L/S)	Encroachment	М	Utility pole at landside toe of slope.	Resolved
USACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0047	Culvert	Deterioration	U	Collapsed pipe outlet and deteriorated slope.	Monitor
USACE CELRH MALW 2013 a 0048	Berm	Burrows	M	One rodent burrow on landside slope.	Resolved
USACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0049	Drainage Structure	Other (Specify in Remarks)	A	James Avenue Outlet	Monitor
	Levee Slope	Burrows			
USACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0050	Only (L/S) Levee Slope	Unwanted Vegetation	M	Two rodent burrows on landside slope.	Resolved
USACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0051	Only (L/S) Drainage	Other (Specify in	M	Significant trees and brush within 15' of the toe of landside slope.	Resolved
USACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0052	Structure Levee Slope	Remarks)	Α	James Avenue Gatewell	Monitor
USACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0053	Only (R/S) Levee Slope	Scouring	Α	Displaced/missing riprap at James Avenue Gatewell.	Monitor
USACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0054	Only (R/S) Levee Slope	Burrows	M	One rodent burrow on riverside slope.	Resolved
USACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0055	Only (L/S) Levee Slope	Burrows	M	One rodent burrow on landside slope.	Resolved
USACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0056	Only (R/S) Levee Slope	Burrows	М	One rodent burrow on landside slope.	Resolved
USACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0057	Only (R/S) Levee Slope	Scouring	U	Erosion and caving of river bank at levee toe.	Monitor
USACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0058	Only (L/S)	Burrows	М	One rodent burrow on landside slope.	Resolved
USACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0059	Berm	Burrows	М	One rodent burrow on landside slope.	Resolved
USACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0060	Levee Slope Only (R/S)	Encroachment	М	Two utility poles within 15' of the toe of landside slope.	Resolved
USACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0061	Levee Slope Only (L/S)	Burrows	М	One rodent burrow near top of landside slope.	Resolved
USACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0062	Berm	Erosion	М	Erosion and caving of river bank within 15' of the levee toe.	Monitor
USACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0063	Levee Slope Only (L/S)	Slope Stability	А	Irregular slope on landside.	Monitor
USACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0064	Levee Slope Only (L/S)	Burrows	М	One rodent burrow on landside slope.	Resolved
USACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0065	Levee Slope Only (L/S)	Unwanted Vegetation Growth	М	Vegetation growth in rock protection on landside slope.	Resolved
USACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0066	Levee Slope Only (L/S)	Burrows	М	Three rodent burrows near top of landside slope.	Resolved
USACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0067	Berm	Burrows	M	Two rodent burrows near top of landside slope.	Resolved
USACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0068	Levee Slope Only (L/S)	Burrows	A	Three rodent burrows near top of landside slope.	Resolved
USACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0069	Berm	Burrows	М	3+ rodent burrows toe of riverside slope.	Resolved
USACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0070	Levee Slope Only (L/S)	Burrows	М	One rodent burrow on landside slope.	Resolved
USACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0071	Drainage Channel	Other (Specify in Remarks)	U	Stagnant water in channel.	Monitor
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USACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0091	Levee Slope Only (R/S)	Erosion	М	Erosion along the riverside toe	Monitor
USACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0090	Berm	Burrows	М	Two rodent burrows near top of riverside slope.	Resolved
USACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0089	Levee Slope Only (L/S)	Burrows	М	Two rodent burrows near top of landside slope.	Resolved
USACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0088	Levee Slope Only (L/S)	Burrows	М	Two rodent burrows near top of landside slope.	Resolved
USACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0087	Levee Slope Only (L/S)	Burrows	М	Two rodent burrows on landside slope.	Resolved
USACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0086	Levee Slope Only (L/S)	Burrows	М	Two rodent burrows near top of landside slope.	Resolved
USACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0085	Levee Slope Only (R/S)	Erosion	М	Erosion and caving of river bank at levee toe.	Monitor
USACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0084	Levee Slope Only (L/S)	Burrows	М	Two rodent burrows on landside slope.	Resolved
USACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0083	Berm	Burrows	М	One rodent burrow within 15' of the toe of riverside slope.	Resolved
USACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0082	Drainage Structure	Other (Specify in Remarks)	A	Third Street NW Outlet	Monitor
USACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0081	Drainage Structure	Other (Specify in Remarks)	A	Third Street NW Gatewell	Monitor
USACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0080	Levee Slope Only (L/S)	Other (Specify in Remarks)	М	Scour of landside levee slope.	Monitor
USACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0079	Levee Crown Only	Encroachment	М	Overhead utility ~10 feet above crest.	Monitor
USACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0078	Drainage Structure	Other (Specify in Remarks)	A	Third Street NW Inlet	Monitor
USACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0077	Levee Slope Only (L/S)	Burrows	М	One rodent burrow near top of landside slope.	Resolved
USACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0076	Berm	Burrows	М	One rodent burrow within 15' of the toe of riverside slope.	Resolved
USACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0075	Levee Slope Only (R/S)	Burrows	М	Two rodent burrow within 15' of the toe of riverside slope.	Resolved
USACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0074	Berm	Burrows	М	One rodent burrow within 15' of the toe of riverside slope.	Resolved
USACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0073	Levee Slope Only (L/S)	Burrows	М	Two rodent burrows on landside slope.	Resolved

General Instructions for the Inspection of Flood Damage Reduction Segments / Systems

A. Purpose of USACE Inspections:

The primary purpose of these inspections is to prevent loss of life and catastrophic damages; preserve the value of Federal investments, and to encourage non-Federal sponsors to bear responsibility for their own protection. Inspections should assure that Flood Damage Reduction structures and facilities are continually maintained and operated as necessary to obtain the maximum benefits. Inspections are also conducted to determine eligibility for Rehabilitation Assistance under authority of PL 84-99 for Federal and non-Federal systems. (ER 1130-2-530, ER 500-1-1)

B. Types of Inspections:

The Corps conducts several types of inspections of Flood Damage Reduction systems, as outlined below:

Initial Eligibility Inspections	Continuing Eligibility Inspections			
initial Engionity Inspections	Routine Inspections	Periodic Inspections		
IEIs are conducted to determine whether a non- Federally constructed Flood Damage Reduction system meets the minimum criteria and standards set forth by the Corps for initial inclusion into the Rehabilitation and Inspection Program.	RIs are intended to verify proper maintenance, owner preparedness, and component operation.	PIs are intended to verify proper maintenance and component operation and to evaluate operational adequacy, structural stability, and safety of the system. Periodic Inspections evaluate the system's original design criteria vs. current design criteria to determine potential performance impacts, evaluate the current conditions, and compare the design loads and design analysis used against current design standards. This is to be done to identify components and features for the sponsor that need to be monitored more closely over time or corrected as needed. (Periodic Inspections are used as the basis of risk assessments.)		

C. Inspection Boundaries:

Inspections should be conducted so as to rate each Flood Damage Reduction "Segment" of the system. The overall system rating will be the lowest segment rating in the system.

Project	System	Segment	
A flood damage reduction project is made up of one	A flood damage reduction system is made up of one or more flood damage	A flood damage reduction segment is defined as a discrete	
or more flood damage reduction systems which were	reduction segments which collectively provide flood damage reduction to a	portion of a flood damage reduction system that is operated and	
under the same authorization.	defined area. Failure of one segment within a system constitutes failure of the	maintained by a single entity. A flood damage reduction	
	entire system. Failure of one system does not affect another system.	segment can be made up of one or more features (levee,	
		floodwall, pump stations, etc).	

D. Land Use Definitions:

The following three definitions are intended for use in determining minimum required inspection intervals and initial requirements for inclusion into the Rehabilitation and Inspection Program. Inspections should be considered for all systems that would result in significant environmental or economic impact upon failure regardless of specific land use.

Agricultural	Rural	Urban
Protected population in the range of zero to 5	Protected population in the range	Greater than 20 households per square mile; major industrial areas with significant infrastructure investment.
households per square mile protected.	of 6 to 20 households per square	Some protected urban areas have no permanent population but may be industrial areas with high value infrastructure with no overnight population.
	mile protected.	intrastructure with no overnight population.



General Instructions

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E. Use of the Inspection Report Template:

The report template is intended for use in all Army Corps of Engineers inspections of levee and floodwall systems and flood damage reduction channels. The section of the template labeled "Initial Eligibility" only needs to be completed during Initial Eligibility Inspections of Non-Federally constructed Flood Damage Reduction Systems. The section labeled "General Items" needs to be completed with every inspection, along with all other sections that correspond to features in the system. The section labeled "Public Sponsor Pre-Inspection Report" is intended for completion before the inspection, if possible.

F. Individual Item / Component Ratings:

Assessment of individual components rated during the inspection should be based on the criteria provided in the inspection report template, though inspectors may incorporate additional items into the report based on the characteristics of the system. The assessment of individual components should be based on the following definitions.

Acceptable Item	Minimally Acceptable Item	Unacceptable Item	
The inspected item is in satisfactory condition, with	The inspected item has one or more minor deficiencies that need to be	The inspected item has one or more serious deficiencies that	
no deficiencies, and will function as intended during	corrected. The minor deficiency or deficiencies will not seriously impair the	need to be corrected. The serious deficiency or deficiencies will	
the next flood event.	functioning of the item as intended during the next flood event.	seriously impair the functioning of the item as intended during	
		the next flood event.	

G. Overall Segment / System Ratings:

Determination of the overall system rating is based on the definitions below. Note that an Unacceptable System Rating may be either based on an engineering determination that concluded that noted deficiencies would prevent the system from functioning as intended during the next flood event, or based on the sponsor's demonstrated lack of commitment or inability to correct serious deficiencies in a timely manner.

Acceptable System	Minimally Acceptable System	Unacceptable System
All items or components are rated as Acceptable.	One or more items are rated as Minimally Acceptable or one or more items are rated as Unacceptable and an engineering determination concludes that the Unacceptable items would not prevent the segment / system from performing as intended during the next flood event.	One or more items are rated as Unacceptable and would prevent the segment / system from performing as intended, or a serious deficiency noted in past inspections (which had previously resulted in a minimally acceptable system rating) has not been corrected within the established timeframe, not to exceed two years.

H. Eligibility for PL84-99 Rehabilitation Assistance:

Inspected systems that are not operated and maintained by the Federal government may be Active in the Corps' Rehabilitation and Inspection Program (RIP) and eligible for rehabilitation assistance from the Corps as defined below:

If the Overall System Rating is Acceptable	If the Overall System Rating is Minimally Acceptable	If the Overall System Rating is Unacceptable
The system is active in the RIP and eligible for PL84-99 rehabilitation assistance.	The system is Active in the RIP during the time that it takes to make needed corrections. Active systems are eligible for rehabilitation assistance. However, if the sponsor does not present USACE with proof that serious deficiencies (which had previously resulted in a minimally acceptable system rating) were corrected within the established timeframe, then the system will become Inactive in the RIP.	The system is Inactive in the RIP, and the status will remain Inactive until the sponsor presents USACE with proof that all items rated Unacceptable have been corrected. Inactive systems are ineligible for rehabilitation assistance.



I. Reporting:

After the inspection, the Corps is responsible for assembling an inspection report (or a summary report if it was a Periodic Inspection) including the following information:

- a. All sections of the report template used during the inspection, including the cover and pre-inspection materials. (Supplemental data collected, and any sections of the template that weren't used during the inspection do not need to be included with the report.)
- b. Photos of the general system condition and noted deficiencies.
- c. A plan view drawing of the system, with stationing, to reference locations of items rated less than acceptable.
- d. The relative importance of the identified maintenance issues should be specified in the transmittal letter.
- e. If the Overall System Rating is Minimally Acceptable, the report needs to establish a timeframe for correction of serious deficiencies noted (not to exceed two years) and indicate that if these items are not corrected within the required timeframe, the system will be rated as Unacceptable and made Inactive in the Rehabilitation Inspection Program.

J. Notification:

Reports are to be disseminated as follows within 30 days of the inspection date.

If the Overall System Rating is Acceptable	If the Overall System Rating is Minimally Acceptable	If the Overall System Rating is Unacceptable
Reports need to be provided to the local sponsor and the county emergency management agency.	Reports need to be provided to the local sponsor, state emergency management agency, county emergency management agency, and to the FEMA region.	Reports need to be provided to the local sponsor, state emergency management agency, county emergency management agency, FEMA region, and to the Congressional delegation within 30 days of the inspection.



General Items for All Flood Damage Reduction Segments / Systems

For use during all inspections of all Flood Damage Reduction Segments / Systems

	Rated Item	Rating		Rating Guidelines	Location/Remarks/Recommendations
1.	1. Operations and Maintenance Manuals		A	Levee Owner's Manual, O&M Manuals, and/or manufacturer's operating instructions are present.	O&M Manual appears to be the original document should be updated, incorporating any changes that have been made to the project and the adjacent area (e.g. SR 21 improvements,
			M	Sponsor manuals are lost or missing or out of date; however, sponsor will obtain manuals prior to next scheduled inspection.	relocated Federal Avenue Pump Station, relocated Arch Avenue Gatewell).
			U	Sponsor has not obtained lost or missing manuals identified during previous inspection.	
2.	Emergency Supplies and Equipment	A	A	The sponsor maintains a stockpile of sandbags, shovels, and other flood fight supplies which will adequately supply all needs for the initial days of a flood fight. Sponsor determines required quantity of supplies after consulting with inspector.	
	(A or M only)		M	The sponsor does not maintain an adequate supply of flood fighting materials as part of their preparedness activities.	
3.	Flood Preparedness and Training (A or M only)	M	A	Sponsor has a written system-specific flood response plan and a solid understanding of how to operate, maintain, and staff the FDR system during a flood. Sponsor maintains a list of emergency contact information for appropriate personnel and other emergency response agencies.	Current personnel have never performed trial erections of the stop log closures.
			M	The sponsor maintains a good working knowledge of flood response activities, but documentation of system-specific emergency procedures and emergency contact personnel is insufficient or out of date.	



For use during Initial and Continuing Eligibility Inspections of levee segments / systems

Rated Item	Rating		Rating Guidelines	Location/Remarks/Recommendations
Unwanted Vegetation Growth ¹	A	A	The levee has little or no unwanted vegetation (trees, bush, or undesirable weeds), except for vegetation that is properly contained and/or situated on overbuilt sections, such that the mandatory 3-foot root-free zone is preserved around the levee profile. The levee has been recently mowed. The vegetation-free zone extends 15 feet from both the landside and riverside toes of the levee to the centerline of the tree. If the levee access easement doesn't extend to the described limits, then the vegetation-free zone must be maintained to the easement limits. Reference EM 1110-2-301 or Corps policy for regional vegetation variance.	MALW_2013_a_0001: Station_1 NA: Typical of levee.: NA (A) MALW_2013_a_0005: Station_1 NA: Levee in good condition. Grass needs cut to proper legnth.: NA (A) MALW_2013_a_0008: Station_1 NA: Levee in good condition. Grass needs cut to proper length.: NA (A) MALW_2013_a_0009: Station_1 NA: Levee in good
		M	Minimal vegetation growth (brush, weeds, or trees 2 inches in diameter or smaller) is present within the zones described above. This vegetation must be removed but does not currently threaten the operation or integrity of the levee.	condition. Grass needs cut to proper length.: NA (A) MALW_2013_a_0010: Station_1 NA: Levee in good condition. Grass needs cut to proper length.: NA (A) MALW_2013_a_0011: Station_1 NA: Levee in good
		U	Significant vegetation growth (brush, weeds, or any trees greater than 2 inches in diameter) is present within the zones described above and must to be removed to reestablish or ascertain levee integrity.	condition. Grass needs cut to proper length.: NA (A) MALW_2013_a_0013: Station_1 NA: Levee in good condition. Grass needs cut to proper length.: NA (A) MALW_2013_a_0014: Station_1 NA: Levee in Good Condition. Grass needs cut to proper length.: NA (A); Large vegetation that was noted in the periodic inspection of 2010 that was within 15' of the levee, on thlevee or within the right of way was removed in the summer of 2012.
2. Sod Cover	A	A	There is good coverage of sod over the levee.	MALW_2013_a_0027: Station_1 NA: Rutting of crest and
		М	Approximately 25% of the sod cover is missing or damaged over a significant portion or over significant portions of the levee embankment. This may be the result of over-grazing or feeding on the levee, unauthorized vehicular traffic, chemical or insect problems, or burning during inappropriate seasons.	no sod cover.: Restablish sod cover as necessary. (A)
		U	Over 50% of the sod cover is missing or damaged over a significant portion or portions of the levee embankment.	
		N/A	Surface protection is provided by other means.	
3. Encroachments	A	A	No trash, debris, unauthorized farming activity, structures, excavations, or other obstructions present within the easement area. Encroachments have been previously reviewed by the Corps, and it was determined that they do not diminish proper functioning of the levee.	MALW_2013_a_0079: Station_1 NA: Overhead utility ~10 feet above crest.: NA (M)
		М	Trash, debris, unauthorized farming activity, structures, excavations, or other obstructions present, or inappropriate activities noted that should be corrected but will not inhibit operations and maintenance or emergency operations. Encroachments have not been reviewed by the Corps.	
		U	Unauthorized encroachments or inappropriate activities noted are likely to inhibit operations and maintenance, emergency operations, or negatively impact the integrity of the levee.	



For use during Initial and Continuing Eligibility Inspections of levee segments / systems

Rated Iter	m	Rating		Rating Guidelines	Location/Remarks/Recommendations	
(Stop Log, Earthen Clo	4. Closure Structures (Stop Log, Earthen Closures, Gates, or Sandbag	A	A	Closure structure in good repair. Placing equipment, stoplogs, and other materials are readily available at all times. Components are clearly marked and installation instructions/procedures readily available. Trial erections have been accomplished in accordance with the O&M Manual.	MALW_2013_a_0003: Station_1 NA: Stoplog Storage Building in good shape: NA (A) MALW_2013_a_0036: Station_1 NA: Third Street NW Sand Bag Closure: NA (A); Third Street NW Sand Bag	
Closures) (A or U onl	ly)		U	Any of the following issues is cause for this rating: Closure structure in poor condition. Parts missing or corroded. Placing equipment may not be available within the anticipated warning time. The storage vaults cannot be opened during the time of inspection. Components of closure are not clearly marked and installation instructions/ procedures are not readily available. Trial erections have not been accomplished in accordance with the O&M Manual.	Closure: Minimal number of sand bags present in Railroad Stop Log Closure Storage Building. The representative from the City indicated sand bags to be used for the Third Street NW Sand Bag Closure are actually kept at the Wastewater Treatment Plant. This was verified by visiting the waste water plant	
			N/A	There are no closure structures along this component of the FDR segment / system.	and looking at materials that were stored there for flood fighting. The area for placement of the sand bag closure is generally in good condition. The pavement at the closure location has some cracking, but it does not appear to be significant.	
5. Slope Stabi	ility	A	A	No slides, sloughs, tension cracking, slope depressions, or bulges are present.	MALW_2013_a_0063: Station_1 NA: Irregular slope on landside.: Monitor (A); Levee looks to be in pretty good shape. There are some areas where there has been some erosion along the channel on the river side of the levee but overall the levee template appears to be stable.	
			M	Minor slope stability problems that do not pose an immediate threat to the levee embankment.		
			U	Major slope stability problems (ex. deep seated sliding) identified that must be repaired to reestablish the integrity of the levee embankment.		
6. Erosion/ Ba Caving	ank	M	A	No erosion or bank caving is observed on the landward or riverward sides of the levee that might endanger its stability.	MALW_2013_a_0028: Station_1 NA: Station_2 NA: Erosion of stream bank at or within 15' of the toe of slope.:	
				M	There are areas where minor erosion is occurring or has occurred on or near the levee embankment, but levee integrity is not threatened.	Add rock protection. (M) MALW_2013_a_0037: Station_1 NA: Station_2 NA: Erosion and caving of river bank within 15' of the levee toe.:
			U	Erosion or caving is occurring or has occurred that threatens the stability and integrity of the levee. The erosion or caving has progressed into the levee section or into the extended footprint of the levee foundation and has compromised the levee foundation stability.	Add rock protection. (M) MALW_2013_a_0057: Station_1 NA: Station_2 NA: Erosion and caving of river bank at levee toe.: Add rock protection at toe. (U) MALW_2013_a_0062: Station_1 NA: Station_2 NA: Erosion and caving of river bank within 15' of the levee toe.: Add rock protection. (M) MALW_2013_a_0080: Station_1 NA: Scour of landside levee slope.: Place riprap as needed and regrade channel to slope to the Third St. NW Inlet. (M) MALW_2013_a_0085: Station_1 NA: Station_2 NA: Erosion and caving of river bank at levee toe.: Add rock protection. (M) MALW_2013_a_0091: Station_1 NA: Station_2 NA: Erosion along the riverside toe: NA (M); There is some erosion along the riverbank but the levee template itself is still intact on the river side. (M)	



For use during Initial and Continuing Eligibility Inspections of levee segments / systems

Rated Item	Rating	Rating Guidelines	Location/Remarks/Recommendations
7. Settlement ²	A	A No observed depressions in crown. Records exist and indicate no unexplained historical changes.	
		M Minor irregularities that do not threaten integrity of levee. Records are incomplete or inclusive.	
		U Obvious variations in elevation over significant reaches. No records exist or records indicate that design elevation is compromised.	
8. Depressions/ Rutting	A	A There are scattered, shallow ruts, pot holes, or other depressions on the levee that are unrelated to levee settlement. The levee crown, embankments, and access road crowns are well established and drain properly without any ponded water.	
		M There are some infrequent minor depressions less than 6 inches deep in the levee crown, embankment, or access roads that will pond water.	
		U There are depressions greater than 6 inches deep that will pond water.	
9. Cracking	A	A Minor longitudinal, transverse, or desiccation cracks with no vertical movement along the crack. No cracks extend continuously through the levee crest.	
		M Longitudinal and/or transverse cracks up to 6 inches in depth with no vertical movement along the crack. No cracks extend continuously through the levee crest. Longitudinal cracks are no longer than the height of the levee.	
		U Cracks exceed 6 inches in depth. Longitudinal cracks are longer than the height of the levee and/or exhibit vertical movement along the crack. Transverse cracks extend through the entire levee width.	
10. Animal Control	M	A Continuous animal burrow control program in place that includes the elimination of active burrowing and the filling in of existing burrows.	Numerous animal burrows that need to be repaired (M)
		M The existing animal burrow control program needs to be improved. Several burrows are present which may lead to seepage or slope stability problems, and they require immediate attention.	
		U Animal burrow control program is not effective or is nonexistent. Significant maintenance is required to fill existing burrows, and the levee will not provide reliable flood protection until this maintenance is complete.	
11. Culverts/ Discharge Pipes ³ (This item includes both concrete and corrugated metal pipes.)	U	A There are no breaks, holes, cracks in the discharge pipes/ culverts that would result in significant water leakage. The pipe shape is still essentially circular. All joints appear to be closed and the soil tight. Corrugated metal pipes, if present, are in good condition with 100% of the original coating still in place (either asphalt or galvanizing) or have been relined with appropriate material, which is still in good condition. Condition of pipes has been verified using television camera video taping or visual inspection methods within the past five years, and the report for every pipe is available for review by the inspector.	Internal inspections of the pipes and conduits were performed in the fall of 2009 by Pipeline Drainage Consultants (PDC) under a separate contract with the Huntington District. This pipe inspection report was available for our review and is included in Appendix VI of the PI Report. PDC's inspection revealed most of the pipes to be in poor or worse condition with several assigned



For use during Initial and Continuing Eligibility Inspections of levee segments / systems

Rated Item	Rating		Rating Guidelines	Location/Remarks/Recommendations
		M	There are a small number of corrosion pinholes or cracks that could leak water and need to be repaired, but the entire length of pipe is still structurally sound and is not in danger of collapsing. Pipe shape may be ovalized in some locations but does not appear to be approaching a curvature reversal. A limited number of joints may have opened and soil loss may be beginning. Any open joints should be repaired prior to the next inspection. Corrugated metal pipes, if present, may be showing corrosion and pinholes but there are no areas with total section loss. Condition of pipes has been verified using television camera video taping or visual inspection methods within the past five years, and the report for every pipe is available for review by the inspector.	"Unacceptable" or "Minimally Acceptable to Unacceptable". The City of Massillon currently has a work order to get the pipes repaired later this summer. In their current state this item should receive a "U".
		U	Culvert has deterioration and/or has significant leakage; it is in danger of collapsing or as already begun to collapse. Corrugated metal pipes have suffered 100% section loss in the invert. HOWEVER: Even if pipes appear to be in good condition, as judged by an external visual inspection, an Unacceptable Rating will be assigned if the condition of pipes has not been verified using television camera video taping or visual inspection methods within the past five years, and reports for all pipes are not available for review by the inspector.	
		N/A	There are no discharge pipes/ culverts.	
12. Riprap Revetments &	A	A	No riprap displacement or stone degradation that could pose an immediate threat to the integrity of channel bank. Riprap intact with no woody vegetation present.	MALW_2013_a_0053: Station_1 NA: Displaced/missing riprap at James Avenue Gatewell.: Replace riprap. (A)
Bank Protection		М	Minor riprap displacement or stone degradation that could pose an immediate threat to the integrity of the channel bank. Unwanted vegetation must be cleared or sprayed with an appropriate herbicide.	
		U	Significant riprap displacement, exposure of bedding, or stone degradation observed. Scour activity is undercutting banks, eroding embankments, or impairing channel flows by causing turbulence or shoaling. Rock protection is hidden by dense brush, trees, or grasses.	
		N/A	There is no riprap protecting this feature of the segment / system, or riprap is discussed in another section.	
13. Revetments other than Riprap	NA	A	Existing revetment protection is properly maintained, undamaged, and clearly visible.	
1 7		M	Minor revetment displacement or deterioration that does not pose an immediate threat to the integrity of the levee. Unwanted vegetation must be cleared or sprayed with an appropriate herbicide.	
		U	Significant revetment displacement, deterioration, or exposure of bedding observed. Scour activity is undercutting banks, eroding embankments, or impairing channel flows by causing turbulence or shoaling. Revetment protection is hidden by dense brush and trees.	
		N/A	There are no such revetments protecting this feature of the segment / system.	



For use during Initial and Continuing Eligibility Inspections of levee segments / systems

Rated Item	Rating		Rating Guidelines	Location/Remarks/Recommendations
14. Underseepage Relief Wells/ Toe Drainage Systems	A	A	Toe drainage systems and pressure relief wells necessary for maintaining FDR segment / system stability during high water functioned properly during the last flood event and no sediment is observed in horizontal system (if applicable). Nothing is observed which would indicate that the drainage systems won't function properly during the next flood, and maintenance records indicate regular cleaning. Wells have been pumped tested within the past 5 years and documentation is provided.	Toe drains were inspected in 2012 as part of the Levee Certification process and were found to be in good condition.
		M	Toe drainage systems or pressure relief wells are damaged and may become clogged if they are not repaired. Maintenance records are incomplete or indicate irregular cleaning and pump testing.	
		U	Toe drainage systems or pressure relief wells necessary for maintaining FDR segment / system stability during flood events have fallen into disrepair or have become clogged. No maintenance records. No documentation of the required pump testing.	
		N/A	There are no relief wells/ toe drainage systems along this component of the FDR segment / system.	
15. Seepage	A	A	No evidence or history of unrepaired seepage, saturated areas, or boils.	
		M	Evidence or history of minor unrepaired seepage or small saturated areas at or beyond the landside toe but not on the landward slope of levee. No evidence of soil transport.	
		U	Evidence or history of active seepage, extensive saturated areas, or boils.	

¹ If there is significant growth on the levee that inhibits the inspection of animal burrows or other items, the inspection should be ended until this item is corrected.



² Detailed survey elevations are normally required during Periodic Inspections, and whenever there are obvious visual settlements.

The decision on whether or not USACE inspectors should enter a pipe to perform a detailed inspection must be made at the USACE District level. This decision should be made in conjunction with the District Safety Office, as pipes may be considered confined spaces. This decision should consider the age of the pipe, the diameter of the pipe, the apparent condition of the pipe, and the length of the pipe. If a pipe is entered for the purposes of inspection, the inspector should record observations with a video camera in order that the condition of the entire pipe, including all joints, can later be assessed. Additionally, the video record provides a baseline to which future inspections can be compared.

For use during Initial and Continuing Eligibility Inspections of levee segments / systems





For use during Initial and Continuing Eligibility Inspections of levee segments / systems



Inspect ID: MALW_2013_a_0005 Title: USACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0005_1.jpg Rated Item: 1. Unwanted Vegetation Growth Caption: Typical View on Levee



Inspect ID: MALW_2013_a_0005 Title: USACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0005_2.jpg Rated Item: 1. Unwanted Vegetation Growth Caption: Typical View on Levee



For use during Initial and Continuing Eligibility Inspections of levee segments / systems



Inspect ID: MALW_2013_a_0008 Title: USACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0008_1.jpg Rated Item: 1. Unwanted Vegetation Growth Caption: Typical View on Levee



Inspect ID: MALW_2013_a_0008 Title: USACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0008_2.jpg Rated Item: 1. Unwanted Vegetation Growth Caption: Typical View on Levee

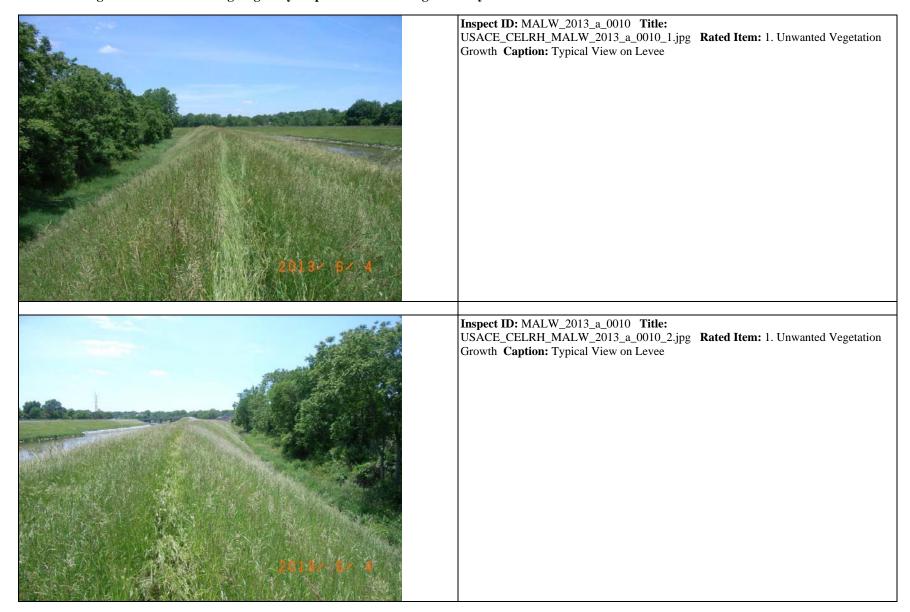


For use during Initial and Continuing Eligibility Inspections of levee segments / systems





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Inspect ID: MALW_2013_a_0011 Title: USACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0011_1.jpg Rated Item: 1. Unwanted Vegetation Growth Caption: Typical View on Levee



Inspect ID: MALW_2013_a_0013 Title: USACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0013_1.jpg Rated Item: 1. Unwanted Vegetation Growth Caption: Typical View on Levee



For use during Initial and Continuing Eligibility Inspections of levee segments / systems



Inspect ID: MALW_2013_a_0079 Title: USACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0079_1.jpg Rated Item: 3. Encroachments Caption: Typical View on Levee



Inspect ID: MALW_2013_a_0003 Title:
USACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0003_1.jpg Rated Item: 4. Closure Structures
(Stop Log, Earthen Closures, Gates, or Sandbag Closures) (A or U only) Caption: Gate
Closure Storage Building



For use during Initial and Continuing Eligibility Inspections of levee segments / systems



Inspect ID: MALW_2013_a_0003 Title:
USACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0003_2.jpg Rated Item: 4. Closure Structures
(Stop Log, Earthen Closures, Gates, or Sandbag Closures) (A or U only) Caption:
Components stored within closure storage building



Inspect ID: MALW_2013_a_0091 Title:
USACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0091_1.jpg Rated Item: 6. Erosion/ Bank Caving
Caption: Erosion along riverside toe



For use during Initial and Continuing Eligibility Inspections of all floodwalls

Rated Item	Rating		Rating Guidelines	Location/Remarks/Recommendations											
Unwanted Vegetation Growth ¹	A	t a f t	A grass-only or paved zone is maintained on both sides of the floodwall, free of all trees, brush, and undesirable weeds. The vegetation-free zone extends 15 feet from both the land and riverside of the floodwall, at ground-level, to the centerline of the tree. Additionally, an 8-foot root-free zone is maintained around the entire structure, including the floodwall toe, heel, and any toe-drains. If the floodwall access easement doesn't extend to the described limits, then the vegetation-free zone must be maintained to the easement limits. Reference EM 1110-2-301 and/or Corps policy for regional vegetation variance.												
		V	Minimal vegetation growth (brush, weeds, or trees 2 inches in diameter or smaller) is present within the zones described above. This vegetation must be removed but does not currently threaten the operation or integrity of the floodwall.												
		I	Significant vegetation growth (brush, weeds, or any trees greater than 2 inches in diameter) is present within the zones described above. This vegetation threatens the operation or integrity of the floodwall and must be removed.												
2. Encroachments	A	6	No trash, debris, unauthorized structures, excavations, or other obstructions present within the easement area. Encroachments have been previously reviewed by the Corps, and it was determined that they do not diminish proper functioning of the floodwall.												
		i	Trash, debris, unauthorized structures, excavations, or other obstructions present, or inappropriate activities noted that should be corrected but will not inhibit operations and maintenance or emergency operations. Encroachments have not been reviewed by the Corps.												
			Unauthorized encroachments or inappropriate activities noted are likely to inhibit operations and maintenance, emergency operations, or negatively impact the integrity of the floodwall.												
3. Closure Structures (Stop Log Closures and Gates)	A	A	a I	Closure structure in good repair. Placing equipment, stoplogs, and other materials are readily available at all times. Components are clearly marked and installation instructions/procedures readily available. Trial erections have been accomplished in accordance with the D&M Manual.	MALW_2013_a_0022: Station_1 NA: B&O Railroad Stop Log Closure: NA (A) MALW_2013_a_0023: Station_1 NA: Penn Railroad Stop Log Closure: NA (A); All Closure Structures: Stop logs for										
(A or U only)														t	Any of the following issues is cause for this rating: Closure structure in poor condition. Parts missing or corroded. Placing equipment may not be available within the anticipated warning time. The storage vaults cannot be opened during the time of inspection. Components of closure are not clearly marked and installation instructions/ procedures are not readily available. Trial erections have not been accomplished in accordance with the O&M Manual.
		N/A	There are no closure structures along this component of the FDR segment / system.	said sand bags to be used for the Third Street NW Sand Bag Closure and any needed at the stop log closures are actually kept at the Wastewater Treatment Plant. Erectioninstructions located in the storage building. A minimum schedule for trial erections is not suggested in the O&M Manual. No trial erections have been performed for the two stop log closures in recent memory.											
				B&O Railroad Stop Log Closure: A lot of surface cracking											



For use during Initial and Continuing Eligibility Inspections of all floodwalls

Rated Item	Rating		Rating Guidelines	Location/Remarks/Recommendations
				and spalling on some edges of the sill. Minor deterioration of joint material at sill joints. Post pocket covers are rusting. Railroad Stop Log Closure Storage Building: Joint material coming out of joints at middle and on each side of building. Rusty reinforcing visible at two locations near west end of top of building. Inside of storage building in good condition. Penn Railroad Stop Log Closure: Spalled and deteriorated sill, especially near tracks. Spalled concrete near post pocket cover away from sill. Post pocket covers are rusting. Railroad Stop Log Closure East Wall:
4. Concrete Surfaces	A	A	Negligible spalling, scaling or cracking. If the concrete surface is weathered or holds moisture, it is still satisfactory but should be seal coated to prevent freeze/ thaw damage.	MALW_2013_a_0004: Station_1 NA: Floodwall between railroad gate closures in good repair.: NA (A) MALW_2013_a_0021: Station_1 NA: Railroad Stop Log
		M	Spalling, scaling, and open cracking present, but the immediate integrity or performance of the structure is not threatened. Reinforcing steel may be exposed. Repairs/ sealing is necessary to prevent additional damage during periods of thawing and freezing.	Closure West Wall: NA (A) MALW_2013_a_0024: Station_1 NA: Railroad Stop Log Closure East Wall: NA (A)
		U	Surface deterioration or deep cracks present that may result in an unreliable structure. Any surface deterioration that exposes the sheet piling or lies adjacent to monolith joints may indicate underlying reinforcement corrosion and is unacceptable.	
5. Tilting, Sliding or Settlement of	A	A	There are no significant areas of tilting, sliding, or settlement that would endanger the integrity of the structure.	
Concrete Structures ²		М	There are areas of tilting, sliding, or settlement (either active or inactive) that need to be repaired. The maximum offset, either laterally or vertically, does not exceed 2 inches unless the movement can be shown to be no longer actively occurring. The integrity of the structure is not in danger.	
		U	There are areas of tilting, sliding, or settlement (either active or inactive) that threaten the structure's integrity and performance. Any movement that has resulted in failure of the waterstop (possibly identified by daylight visible through the joint) is unacceptable. Differential movement of greater than 2 inches between any two adjacent monoliths, either laterally or vertically, is unacceptable unless it can be shown that the movement is no longer active. Also, if the floodwall is of I-wall construction, then any visible or measurable tilting of the wall toward the protected side that has created an open horizontal crack on the riverside base of a monolith is unacceptable.	
6. Foundation of	A	A	No active erosion, scouring, or bank caving that might endanger the structure's stability.	



For use during Initial and Continuing Eligibility Inspections of all floodwalls

Rated Item	Rating	Rating Guidelines	Location/Remarks/Recommendations
Concrete Structures ¹		There are areas where the ground is eroding towards the base of the structure. Efforts need be taken to slow and repair this erosion, but it is not judged to be close enough to the struct or to be progressing rapidly enough to affect structural stability before the next inspection. For the purposes of inspection, the erosion or scour is not closer to the riverside face of the wall than twice the floodwall's underground base width if the wall is of L-wall or T-wall construction; or if the wall is of sheetpile or I-wall construction, the erosion is not closer the twice the wall's visible height. Additionally, rate of erosion is such that the wall is expected remain stabile until the next inspection.	re n
		U Erosion or bank caving observed that is closer to the wall than the limits described above, of outside these limits but may lead to structural instabilities before the next inspection. Additionally, if the floodwall is of I-wall or sheetpile construction, the foundation is unacceptable if any turf, soil or pavement material got washed away from the landside of the I-wall as the result of a previous overtopping event.	
7. Monolith Joints	M	A The joint material is in good condition. The exterior joint sealant is intact and cracking/desiccation is minimal. Joint filler material and/or waterstop is not visible at any point.	
		M The joint material has appreciable deterioration to the point where joint filler material and/o waterstop is visible in some locations. This needs to be repaired or replaced to prevent spalling and cracking during freeze/ thaw cycles, and to ensure water tightness of the joint.	
		U The joint material is severely deteriorated or the concrete adjacent to the monolith joints ha spalled and cracked, damaging the waterstop; in either case damage has occurred to the poi where it is apparent that the joint is no longer watertight and will not provide the intended level of protection during a flood.	
		N/A There are no monolith joints in the floodwall.	
8. Underseepage Relief Wells/ Toe Drainage Systems	NA	A Toe drainage systems and pressure relief wells necessary for maintaining FDR segment / system stability during high water functioned properly during the last flood event and no sediment is observed in horizontal system (if applicable). Nothing is observed which would indicate that the drainage systems won't function properly during the next flood, and maintenance records indicate regular cleaning. Wells have been pumped tested within the past 5 years and documentation is provided.	
		M Toe drainage systems or pressure relief wells are damaged and may become clogged if they are not repaired. Maintenance records are incomplete or indicate irregular cleaning and put testing.	
		U Toe drainage systems or pressure relief wells necessary for maintaining FDR segment / system stability during flood events have fallen into disrepair or have become clogged. No maintenance records. No documentation of the required pump testing.	
		N/A There are no relief wells/ toe drainage systems along this component of the FDR segment / system.	



For use during Initial and Continuing Eligibility Inspections of all floodwalls

Rated Item	Rating		Rating Guidelines	Location/Remarks/Recommendations
9. Seepage	A	A	No evidence or history of unrepaired seepage, saturated areas, or boils.	
		M	Evidence or history of minor unrepaired seepage or small saturated areas at or beyond the landside toe but not on the landward slope of levee. No evidence of soil transport.	
		U	Evidence or history of active seepage, extensive saturated areas, or boils.	

¹ Inspectors must have as-built drawings available during the inspection so that the lateral distance to the heel and toe of the floodwalls can be determined in the field.



² The sponsor should be monitoring any observed movement to verify whether the movement is active or inactive.

For use during Initial and Continuing Eligibility Inspections of all floodwalls



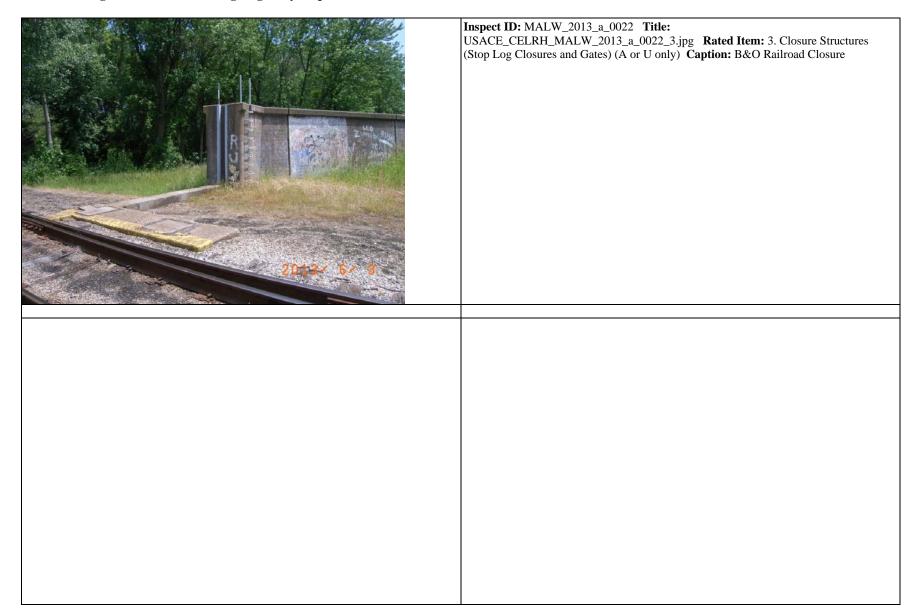
Inspect ID: MALW_2013_a_0022 Title:
USACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0022_1.jpg Rated Item: 3. Closure Structures
(Stop Log Closures and Gates) (A or U only) Caption: B&O Railroad Stop Log Closure



Inspect ID: MALW_2013_a_0022 Title:
USACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0022_2.jpg Rated Item: 3. Closure Structures
(Stop Log Closures and Gates) (A or U only) Caption: B&O Closure



For use during Initial and Continuing Eligibility Inspections of all floodwalls





For use during Initial and Continuing Eligibility Inspections of interior drainage systems

Rated Item	Rating		Rating Guidelines	Location/Remarks/Recommendations
Vegetation and Obstructions	A	A	No obstructions, vegetation, debris, or sediment accumulation noted within interior drainage channels or blocking the culverts, inlets, or discharge areas. Concrete joints and weep holes are free of grass and weeds.	
		M	Obstructions, vegetation, debris, or sediment are minor and have not impaired channel flow capacity or blocked more than 10% of any culvert openings, but should be removed. A limited volume of grass and weeds may be present in concrete channel joints and weep holes.	
		U	Obstructions, vegetation, debris, or sediment have impaired the channel flow capacity or blocked more than 10% of a culvert opening. Sediment and debris removal required to reestablish flow capacity.	
2. Encroachments	A	A	No trash, debris, unauthorized structures, excavations, or other obstructions present within the easement area. Encroachments have been previously reviewed by the Corps, and it was determined that they do not diminish proper functioning of the interior drainage system.	
		M	Trash, debris, unauthorized structures, excavations, or other obstructions present, or inappropriate activities noted that should be corrected but will not inhibit operations and maintenance or emergency operations. Encroachments have not been reviewed by the Corps.	
		U	Unauthorized encroachments or inappropriate activities noted are likely to inhibit operations and maintenance, emergency operations, or negatively impact the integrity of this component of the interior drainage system.	
3. Ponding Areas	NA	A	No trash, debris, structures, or other obstructions present within the ponding areas. Sediment deposits do not exceed 10% of capacity.	MALW_2013_a_0071: Station_1 NA: Stagnant water in channel.: Regrade channel to slope to the Third St. NW
		M	Trash, debris, excavations, structures, or other obstructions present, or inappropriate activities that will not inhibit operations and maintenance. Sediment deposits do not exceed 30% of capacity.	Inlet. (U)
		U	Trash, debris, excavations, structures, or other obstructions, or other encroachments or activities noted that will inhibit operations, maintenance, or emergency work. Sediment deposits exceeds 30% of capacity.	
		N/A	There are no ponding areas associated with the interior drainage system.	
4. Fencing and Gates ¹	M	A	Fencing is in good condition and provides protection against falling or unauthorized access. Gates open and close freely, locks are in place, and there is little corrosion on metal parts.	Third Street NW Gatewell: Ladder rungs unsecured. No means to prevent unauthorized access. (M)
		M	Fencing or gates are damaged or corroded but appear to be maintainable. Locks may be missing or damaged.	
		U	Fencing and gates are damaged or corroded to the point that replacement is required, or potentially dangerous features are not secured.	
		N/A	There are no features noted that require safety fencing.	
5. Concrete Surfaces (Such as gate	M	A	Negligible spalling, scaling or cracking. If the concrete surface is weathered or holds moisture, it is still satisfactory but should be seal coated to prevent freeze/ thaw damage.	MALW_2013_a_0012: Station_1 NA: Gatewell Structure in good condition: NA (A)



For use during Initial and Continuing Eligibility Inspections of interior drainage systems

Rated Item R	Rating	Rating Guidelines	Location/Remarks/Recommendations
wells, outfalls, intakes, or culverts)	М	Spalling, scaling, and open cracking present, but the immediate integrity or performance of the structure is not threatened. Reinforcing steel may be exposed. Repairs/ sealing is necessary to prevent additional damage during periods of thawing and freezing.	MALW_2013_a_0017: Station_1 NA: Newman Creek South Manhole-Top portion of manhole has failed and partially fallen into bottom portion of manhole. Lots of
	U	Surface deterioration or deep cracks present that may result in an unreliable structure. Any surface deterioration that exposes the sheet piling or lies adjacent to monolith joints may indicate underlying reinforcement corrosion and is unacceptable.	spalling all over structure and visible reinforcing on failed top portion of structure.: NA (U) MALW_2013_a_0018: Station_1 NA: Newman Creek
	N/A	There are no concrete items in the interior drainage system.	North Catch Basin: NA (A) MALW_2013_a_0019: Station_1 NA: Newman Creek Northwest Manhole-Spalling of concrete cover over masonry in a few locations. Masonry around top of manhole is almost completely missing.: NA (U) MALW_2013_a_0020: Station_1 NA: Newman Creek Northeast Manhole: NA (A) MALW_2013_a_0025: Station_1 NA: Ohio Water Service Co. Pump House: NA (A) MALW_2013_a_0049: Station_1 NA: James Avenue Outlet: NA (A) MALW_2013_a_0052: Station_1 NA: James Avenue Gatewell: NA (A) MALW_2013_a_0052: Station_1 NA: Third Street NW Inlet: NA (A) MALW_2013_a_0081: Station_1 NA: Third Street NW Gatewell: NA (A) MALW_2013_a_0081: Station_1 NA: Third Street NW Outlet: NA (A); Newman Creek South Manhole (MALW_2010_a_1006): Top portion of manhole has failed and partially fallen into bottom portion of manhole. Lots of spalling all over structure and visible reinforcing on failed top portion of structure. Newman Creek Northwest Manhole (MALW_2010_a_1008): Spalling of concrete cover over masonry in a few locations. Masonry around top of manhole is almost completely missing. James Avenue Gatewell (MALW_2010_a_1014): The concrete on the exterior surfaces of the James Avenue Gatewell is weathered. There is some cracking of the concrete with efflorescence on the south and east sides of the structure, but this condition is primarily present along the top approximately 2 feet of the southern half of the east wall. On top of the gatewell, there are several cracks in the top slab concrete, especially around the handrail posts. James Avenue Outlet: Minor spalling on top edges of



For use during Initial and Continuing Eligibility Inspections of interior drainage systems

Rated Item	Rating		Rating Guidelines	Location/Remarks/Recommendations	
				headwall and south wingwall. Spalled concrete at joint between north wingwall and riverwall. Third Street NW Gatewell: The concrete on the exterior surfaces of the gatewell is weathered. On top of the gatewell, there are several cracks in the top slab concrete, especially around the handrail posts. Third Street NW Outlet: Minor spalling around top edge of pipe opening in headwall. Third Street NW Inlet: Spalling on top edge of headwall and around pipe opening in headwall.	
6. Tilting, Sliding or Settlement of	A	A	There are no significant areas of tilting, sliding, or settlement that would endanger the integrity of the structure.	James Avenue Outlet: End of the north wingwall and the front face of the riverwall are not aligned at the joint.	
Concrete and Sheet Pile Structures ² (Such as gate		M	There are areas of tilting, sliding, or settlement (either active or inactive) that need to be repaired. The maximum offset, either laterally or vertically, does not exceed 2 inches unless the movement can be shown to be no longer actively occurring. The integrity of the structure is not in danger.		
wells, outfalls, intakes, or culverts)			U	There are areas of tilting, sliding, or settlement (either active or inactive) that threaten the structure's integrity and performance. Any movement that has resulted in failure of the waterstop (possibly identified by daylight visible through the joint) is unacceptable. Differential movement of greater than 2 inches between any two adjacent monoliths, either laterally or vertically, is unacceptable unless it can be shown that the movement is no longer active. Also, if the floodwall is of I-wall construction, then any visible or measurable tilting of the wall toward the protected side that has created an open horizontal crack on the riverside base of a monolith is unacceptable.	
		N/A	There are no concrete items in the interior drainage system.		
7. Foundation of	A	A	No active erosion, scouring, or bank caving that might endanger the structure's stability.		
Concrete Structures ³ (Such as culverts, inlet and discharge structures, or		M	There are areas where the ground is eroding towards the base of the structure. Efforts need to be taken to slow and repair this erosion, but it is not judged to be close enough to the structure or to be progressing rapidly enough to affect structural stability before the next inspection. The rate of erosion is such that the structure is expected to remain stabile until the next inspection.		
gatewells.)		U	Erosion or bank caving observed that may lead to structural instabilities before the next inspection.		
		N/A	There are no concrete items in the interior drainage system.		
8. Monolith Joints	NA	A	The joint material is in good condition. The exterior joint sealant is intact and cracking/desiccation is minimal. Joint filler material and/or waterstop is not visible at any point.		



For use during Initial and Continuing Eligibility Inspections of interior drainage systems

Rated Item	Rating		Rating Guidelines	Location/Remarks/Recommendations
		M	The joint material has appreciable deterioration to the point where joint filler material and/or waterstop is visible in some locations. This needs to be repaired or replaced to prevent spalling and cracking during freeze/ thaw cycles, and to ensure water tightness of the joint.	
		U	The joint material is severely deteriorated or the concrete adjacent to the monolith joints has spalled and cracked, damaging the waterstop; in either case damage has occurred to the point where it is apparent that the joint is no longer watertight and will not provide the intended level of protection during a flood.	
		N/A	There are no monolith joints in the interior drainage system.	
9. Culverts/ Discharge Pipes ⁴	NA	A	There are no breaks, holes, cracks in the discharge pipes/ culverts that would result in significant water leakage. The pipe shape is still essentially circular. All joints appear to be closed and the soil tight. Corrugated metal pipes, if present, are in good condition with 100% of the original coating still in place (either asphalt or galvanizing) or have been relined with appropriate material, which is still in good condition. Condition of pipes has been verified using television camera video taping or visual inspection methods within the past five years, and the report for every pipe is available for review by the inspector.	MALW_2013_a_0047: Station_1 NA: Collapsed pipe outlet and deteriorated slope.: Restore pipe outlet and repair slope as required. (U); See Item #11 under Levee Embankments
		M	There are a small number of corrosion pinholes or cracks that could leak water and need to be repaired, but the entire length of pipe is still structurally sound and is not in danger of collapsing. Pipe shape may be ovalized in some locations but does not appear to be approaching a curvature reversal. A limited number of joints may have opened and soil loss may be beginning. Any open joints should be repaired prior to the next inspection. Corrugated metal pipes, if present, may be showing corrosion and pinholes but there are no areas with total section loss. Condition of pipes has been verified using television camera video taping or visual inspection methods within the past five years, and the report for every pipe is available for review by the inspector.	
		U	Culvert has deterioration and/or has significant leakage; it is in danger of collapsing or as already begun to collapse. Corrugated metal pipes have suffered 100% section loss in the invert. HOWEVER: Even if pipes appear to be in good condition, as judged by an external visual inspection, an Unacceptable Rating will be assigned if the condition of pipes has not been verified using television camera video taping or visual inspection methods within the past five years, and reports for all pipes are not available for review by the inspector.	
		N/A	There are no discharge pipes/ culverts.	
10. Sluice / Slide Gates ⁵	A	A	Gates open and close freely to a tight seal or minor leakage. Gate operators are in good working condition and are properly maintained. Sill is free of sediment and other obstructions. Gates and lifters have been maintained and are free of corrosion. Documentation provided during the inspection.	MALW_2013_a_0007: Station_1 NA: Gatewell in good condition: NA (A)
		М	Gates and/or operators have been damaged or have minor corrosion, and open and close with resistance or binding. Leakage quantity is controllable, but maintenance is required. Sill is free of sediment and other obstructions.	



For use during Initial and Continuing Eligibility Inspections of interior drainage systems

Rated Item	Rating	Rating Guidelines		Location/Remarks/Recommendations
		U	Gates do not open or close and/or operators do not function. Gate, stem, lifter and/or guides may be damaged or have major corrosion.	
		N/A	There are no sluice/ slide gates.	
11. Flap Gates/ Flap Valves/	A	A	Gates/ valves open and close easily with minimal leakage, have no corrosion damage, and have been exercised and lubricated as required.	
Pinch Valves ¹		М	Gates/ valves will not fully open or close because of obstructions that can be easily removed, or have minor corrosion damage that requires maintenance.	
		U	Gates/ valves are missing, have been damaged, or have deteriorated to the point that they need to be replaced.	
		N/A	There are no flap gates.	
12. Trash Racks (non-mechanical)	NA	A	Trash racks are fastened in place and properly maintained.	
		M	Trash racks are in place but are unfastened or have bent bars that allow debris to enter into the pipe or pump station, bars are corroded to the point that up to 10% of the sectional area may be lost. Repair or replacement is required.	
		U	Trash racks are missing or damaged to the extent that they are no longer functional and must be replaced. (For example, more than 10% of the sectional area may be lost.)	
		N/A	There are no trash racks, or they are covered in the pump stations section of the report.	
13. Other Metallic Items	A	A	All metal parts are protected from corrosion damage and show no rust, damage, or deterioration that would cause a safety concern.	
		M	Corrosion seen on metallic parts appears to be maintainable.	
		U	Metallic parts are severely corroded and require replacement to prevent failure, equipment damage, or safety issues.	
		N/A	There are no other significant metallic items.	
14. Riprap Revetments of Inlet/ Discharge	NA	A	No riprap displacement or stone degradation that could pose an immediate threat to the integrity of channel bank. Riprap intact with no woody vegetation present.	
Areas		M	Minor riprap displacement or stone degradation that could pose an immediate threat to the integrity of the channel bank. Unwanted vegetation must be cleared or sprayed with an appropriate herbicide.	
		U	Significant riprap displacement, exposure of bedding, or stone degradation observed. Scour activity is undercutting banks, eroding embankments, or impairing channel flows by causing turbulence or shoaling. Rock protection is hidden by dense brush, trees, or grasses.	



For use during Initial and Continuing Eligibility Inspections of interior drainage systems

Rated Item	Rating		Rating Guidelines	Location/Remarks/Recommendations
		N/A	There is no riprap protecting this feature of the segment / system, or riprap is discussed in another section.	
15. Revetments other than Riprap	NA		No riprap displacement or stone degradation that could pose an immediate threat to the integrity of channel bank. Riprap intact with no woody vegetation present.	
			Minor riprap displacement or stone degradation that could pose an immediate threat to the integrity of the channel bank. Unwanted vegetation must be cleared or sprayed with an appropriate herbicide.	
			Significant riprap displacement, exposure of bedding, or stone degradation observed. Scour activity is undercutting banks, eroding embankments, or impairing channel flows by causing turbulence or shoaling. Rock protection is hidden by dense brush, trees, or grasses.	
		N/A	There are no such revetments protecting this feature of the segment / system.	

¹ Proper operation of this item must be demonstrated during the inspection.



² The sponsor should be monitoring any observed movement to verify whether the movement is active or inactive.

³ Inspectors must have as-built drawings available during the inspection so that the lateral distance to the heel and toe of the floodwalls can be determined in the field.

⁴ The decision on whether or not USACE inspectors should enter a pipe to perform a detailed inspection must be made at the USACE District level. This decision should be made in conjunction with the District Safety Office, as pipes may be considered confined spaces. This decision should consider the age of the pipe, the diameter of the pipe, the apparent condition of the pipe, and the length of the pipe. If a pipe is entered for the purposes of inspection, the inspector should record observations with a video camera in order that the condition of the entire pipe, including all joints, can later be assessed. Additionally, the video record provides a baseline to which future inspections can be compared.

⁵ Proper operation of the gates (full open and closed) must be demonstrated during the inspection if no documentation is available. Be aware of both manual and electrical operators.

For use during Initial and Continuing Eligibility Inspections of interior drainage systems



Inspect ID: MALW_2013_a_0012 Title:
USACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0012_1.jpg Rated Item: 5. Concrete Surfaces
(Such as gate wells, outfalls, intakes, or culverts) Caption: Gatewell Storage Structure



Inspect ID: MALW_2013_a_0007 Title:
USACE_CELRH_MALW_2013_a_0007_1.jpg Rated Item: 10. Sluice/ Slide Gates
Caption: Gatewell Structure



For use during Initial and Continuing Eligibility Inspections of pump stations

Rated Item	Rating		Rating Guidelines	Location/Remarks/Recommendations
Pump Stations Operating, Maintenance,	A	A	Operation, maintenance and inspection records are present at the pump station and are being used and updated, and personnel have been trained in pump station operations. Names and last training date shown in the record book.	MALW_2013_a_0006: Station_1 NA: Pump Station in Good condition: NA (A)
Training, & Inspection Records		M	Operation, maintenance and inspection records are present but not adequately used and updated.	
Records		U	No operation, maintenance and inspection records are present, or refresher training for personnel has not been conducted.	
Pump Station Operations and Maintenance Equipment	A	A	Operation and Maintenance Equipment Manuals and/or posted operating instructions are present and updated as required, and adequately cover all pertinent pump station features. O&M manuals include points of contact for manufacturers and suppliers of major equipment used in the facility.	
Manuals		M	Operation and Maintenance Equipment Manuals and/or posted operating instructions are present and adequately cover all pertinent pump station features. However, they are incomplete and the necessary updates have not been made.	
		U	Operation and Maintenance Equipment Manuals are not available.	
3. Safety Compliance	A	A	Safety compliance inspection reports by applicable local, state, or federal agencies available for review.	
		M	No safety compliance inspection reports are available for review.	
4. Communications (A or M only)	A	A	A telephone, cellular phone, two-way radio, or similar device is available to pump station operator and maintenance personnel.	Operators use cell phones
		M	A telephone, cellular phone, two-way radio, or similar device is not available to pump station operator and maintenance personnel.	
5. Plant Building	A	A	The building is in good structural condition with no major foundation settlement problems. The roof is not leaking, intake & exhaust louvers are clear of debris, fans are operational, etc.	Pump Station buildings were in good shape and fresh paint had been applied to many of the surfaces.
		M	There are minor structural defects, minimal foundation settlement, leaks, or other conditions noted that need repair. Defects do not threaten the structural integrity or stability of the building, and will not impact pumping operations.	
		U	The structural integrity or stability of the building is threatened, or there is damage to the building that threatens safety of the operator or impacts pumping operations.	
6. Fencing and Gates ¹	NA	A	Fencing is in good condition and provides protection against falling or unauthorized access. Gates open and close freely, locks are in place, and there is little corrosion on metal parts.	
		M	Fencing or gates are damaged or corroded but appear to be maintainable. Locks may be missing or damaged.	
		U	Fencing and gates are damaged or corroded to the point that replacement is required, or potentially dangerous features are not secured.	



For use during Initial and Continuing Eligibility Inspections of pump stations

Rated Item	Rating	Rating Guidelines		Location/Remarks/Recommendations
		N/A	There are no features noted that require safety fencing.	
7. Pumps ¹	A	A	All pumps are properly maintained and lubricated. Systems are periodically tested and documented for review. No vibration, cavitation noises or unusual sounds are noted when the pump is operated. Bearing temperature sensor records don't indicate any problems.	
		M	Minor deficiencies noted that need to be closely monitored or repaired, such as the presence of slight vibrations, leakage of packing gland, bearing temperature sensors are inoperable or no record is present. However, the pumps are operational and are expected to perform through the next period of usage.	
		U	Major deficiencies identified that may significantly reduce pumping operations. For example, bearing sensor records indicate problems, excessive vibration noted, impellers are badly corroded, or there are eroded or missing blades.	
8. Motors, Engines, Fans, Gear Reducers, Back	A	A	All items are operational. Preventative maintenance and lubrication is being performed and the system is periodically subjected to performance testing. Instrumentation, alarms, bearing sensors and auto shutdowns are operational.	
Stop Devices, etc.		M	Systems have minor deficiencies, but are operational and will function adequately through the next flood. Bearing sensors are not operational.	
		U	One or more of the primary motors or systems is not operational, or noted deficiencies have not been corrected.	
9. Sumps / Wet well	A	A	Clear of debris, sediment, or other obstructions. Procedures are in place to remove debris accumulation during operation.	
		M	Debris, sediment, or other obstructions may be present and must be removed, but the sump/ wet well will function as intended during the next flood. Procedures are in place to remove debris accumulation during operation.	
		U	Large debris or excessive silt present which will hinder or damage pumps during operation, or no procedures established to remove debris accumulation during operation.	
10. Mechanical Operating Trash	NA	A	Drive chain, bearing, gear reducers, and other components are in good operating condition and are being properly maintained.	
Rakes ¹		M	The trash rake is in need of maintenance, but is still operational.	
		U	Trash rake not operational or deficiencies will inhibit operations during the next flood event.	
		N/A	There are no mechanical trash rakes.	
11. Non-Mechanical Trash Racks	A	A	Trash racks are fastened in place and properly maintained.	
		М	Trash racks are in place but are unfastened or have bent bars that allow debris to enter into the pipe or pump station, bars are corroded to the point that up to 10% of the sectional area may be lost. Repair or replacement is required.	



For use during Initial and Continuing Eligibility Inspections of pump stations

Rated Item	Rating		Rating Guidelines	Location/Remarks/Recommendations
		U	Trash racks are missing or damaged to the extent that they are no longer functional and must be replaced. (For example, more than 10% of the sectional area may be lost.)	
		N/A	There are no trash racks, or they are covered in the pump stations section of the report.	
12. Fuel System for Pump Engines	NA	A	Fuel system is operational, day tank present and operational, fuel fresh and rotated regularly.	
r ump Engines		M	Fuel system is operational and of adequate capacity, but day tank is missing or fuel is not fresh and rotated regularly.	
		U	Fuel system not functional.	
		N/A	No fuel system.	
13. Power Source	A	A	The normal power source and backup generators, if installed, are operational, properly exercised and well maintained. Surge protection, grounding, lightning protection, transformers, and automatic/manual transfer of main power to backup system is working.	
		M	Normal power source and backup units, if applicable, are operational with minor discrepancies or maintenance, inspection and exercising record is present but not up to date. Preventative maintenance or repairs are required.	
		U	Normal power source or generators are not operational and must be repaired; or generator, if required, is not on site.	
14. Electrical Systems ²	A	A	Operational and maintained free of damage, corrosion, and debris. Preventative maintenance and system testing is being performed periodically.	
		М	Operational with minor discrepancies. Preventative maintenance or repairs are required, but the components are expected to function adequately during the next flood event.	
		U	Components of the electrical system will not function adequately during the next flood event and must be replaced.	
15. Megger Testing on Pump Motors	A	A	Results of megger tests on pump motors or critical power cables show that the insulation meets manufacturer's or industry standards. Tested within the last year.	Megger testing had been completed within the last year.
and Critical Power Cables		М	Megger testing not conducted within the past year. If megger tests on pump motors indicate that insulation resistance is below the manufacturer's or industry standard, but the resistance can be corrected with proper application of heat, this is minimally acceptable. (The application of heat does not relate to critical power cables.)	
		U	Megger tests not conducted within past two years, or tests indicate that insulation resistance is low enough that the equipment will not be able to meet design standards of operation; or evidence of arcing or shorting is detected visually.	



For use during Initial and Continuing Eligibility Inspections of pump stations

Rated Item	Rating		Rating Guidelines	Location/Remarks/Recommendations		
16. Enclosures, Panels, Conduit and Ducts		A	All enclosures, panels, conduits, and ducts are protected from corrosion damage and show no rust, damage, or deterioration that would cause a safety concern.			
	A	M	Minor surface corrosion which appears to be maintainable. Cleaning and painting required.			
		U	Severely corroded and must be replaced to prevent failure, equipment damage, or safety issues.			
17. Intake and Discharge Pipelines		A	Intake and discharge pipelines have no corrosion and paint is intact, except for minor touch up required. Pipe couplings and anchors have no leakage or corrosion.			
F	A	M	Intake and discharge pipelines have minor corrosion and repair and painting is required. Pipe coupling with anchors have minor leakage, corrosion and require bolts to be tightened.			
		U	Intake and discharge pipelines have major corrosion and replacement is required. Pipe coupling with anchors have major leakage and is heavily corroded and requires replacement.			
18. Sluice/ Slide Gates ³		A	Gates open and close freely to a tight seal or minor leakage. Gate operators are in good working condition and are properly maintained. Sill is free of sediment and other obstructions. Gates and lifters have been maintained and are free of corrosion. Documentation provided during the inspection.			
	A	M	Gates and/or operators have been damaged or have minor corrosion, and open and close with resistance or binding. Leakage quantity is controllable, but maintenance is required. Sill is free of sediment and other obstructions.			
				U	Gates do not open or close and/or operators do not function. Gate, stem, lifter and/or guides may be damaged or have major corrosion.	
		N/A	There are no sluice/ slide gates.			
19. Flap Gates/ Flap Valves/ Pinch Valves ¹		A	Gates/ valves open and close easily with minimal leakage, have no corrosion damage, and have been exercised and lubricated as required.			
	NA	M	Gates/ valves will not fully open or close because of obstructions that can be easily removed, or have minor corrosion damage that requires maintenance.			
		U	Gates/ valves are missing, have been damaged, or have deteriorated to the point that they need to be replaced.			
		N/A	There are no gates on discharge lines from pump station.			
20. Cranes ¹	A	A	Cranes operational and have been inspected and load tested in accordance with applicable standards within the last year. Documentation is on hand.			



For use during Initial and Continuing Eligibility Inspections of pump stations

Rated Item	Rating		Rating Guidelines	Location/Remarks/Recommendations		
		M	Cranes have not been inspected or operationally tested within the past year, or there are visible signs of corrosion, oil leakage, etc, requiring maintenance.			
		U	Cranes are not operational, and this may prevent the pump station from functioning as required. No documentation available on cranes.			
		N/A	There are no cranes.			
21. Other Metallic Items				A	All metal parts are protected from corrosion damage and show no rust, damage, or deterioration that would cause a safety concern.	Metal surfaces need to be recleaned and painted.
(Equipment, Ladders, Platform		M	Corrosion seen on metallic parts appears to be maintainable.			
Anchors, etc)	_	U	Metallic parts are severely corroded and require replacement to prevent failure, equipment damage, or safety issues.			
		N/A	There are no other significant metallic items.			

¹ Proper operation of this item must be demonstrated during the inspection.



² Check motor control center, circuit breakers, pilot lights, volt meters, ammeters, sump level indicator, gate position indicators, remote operating systems, including SCADA and telemetry systems. Also, check interior and exterior lighting; especially lighting near trash rack screens, ladders, walkways, etc.

³ Proper operation of the gates (full open and closed) must be demonstrated during the inspection if no documentation is available. Be aware of both manual and electrical operators.