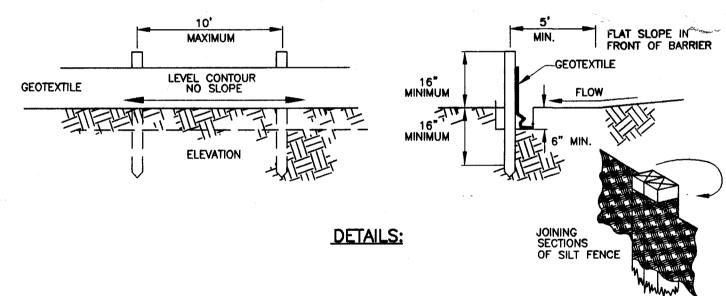


- INLET PROTECTION SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED EITHER BEFORE UPSLOPE LAND DISTURBANCE BEGINS OR BEFORE THE STORM DRAIN BECOMES OPERATIONAL.
- 2. THE EARTH AROUND THE INLET SHALL BE EXCAVATED COMPLETELY TO A DEPTH AT LEAST 18
- 3. THE WOODEN FRAME SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED OF 2 IN BY 4 IN. CONSTRUCTION GRADE LUMBER. THE 2 IN. BY 4 IN. POSTS SHALL BE DRIVEN 18 IN. INTO THE GROUND AT FOUR CORNERS OF THE INLET AND THE TOP PORTION OF 2 IN. BY 4 IN. FRAME ASSEMBLED USING THE OVERLAP JOINT SHOWN. THE TOP OF THE FRAME SHALL BE AT LEAST 6 IN. BELOW ADJACENT ROADS IF PONDED WATER WOULD POSE A SAFETY HAZARD TO TRAFFIC.
- 4. WIRE MESH SHALL BE OF SUFFICIENT STRENGTH TO SUPPORT FABRIC WITH WATER FULLY IMPOUNDED AGAINST IT. IT SHALL BE STRETCHED TIGHTLY AROUND THE FRAME AND FASTENED SECURELY TO THE FRAME.
- GEOTEXTILE SHALL HAVE AN EQUIVALENT OPENING SIZE OF 20 - 40 SIEVE AND BE RESISTANT TO SUNLIGHT. IT SHALL BE STRETCHED TIGHTLY AROUND THE FRAME AND FASTENED SECURELY. IT SHALL EXTEND FROM THE TOP OF THE FRAME TO 18 IN. BELOW THE INLET NOTCH ELEVATION. THE GEOTEXTILE SHALL OVERLAP ACROSS ON SIDE OF THE INLET SO THE ENDS OF THE CLOTH ARE NOT FASTENED TO THE SAME POST.
- BACKFILL SHALL BE PLACED AROUND THE INLET IN COMPACTED 6 IN. LAYERS UNTIL THE EARTH IS EVEN WITH NOTCH ELEVATION ON ENDS AND TOP FLEVATION ON SIDES.
- A COMPACTED EARTH DIKE OR A CHECK DAM SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED IN THE DITCH LINE BELOW THE INLET IF THE INLET IS NOT IN A DEPRESSION AND IF RUNOFF BYPASSING THE INLET WILL NOT FLOW TO A SETTLING POND. THE TOP OF EARTH DIKES SHALL BE AT LEAST 6 IN. HIGHER THAN THE TOP OF THE FRAME.

INLET PROTECTION IN SWALES, DITCH LINES OR YARD INLETS





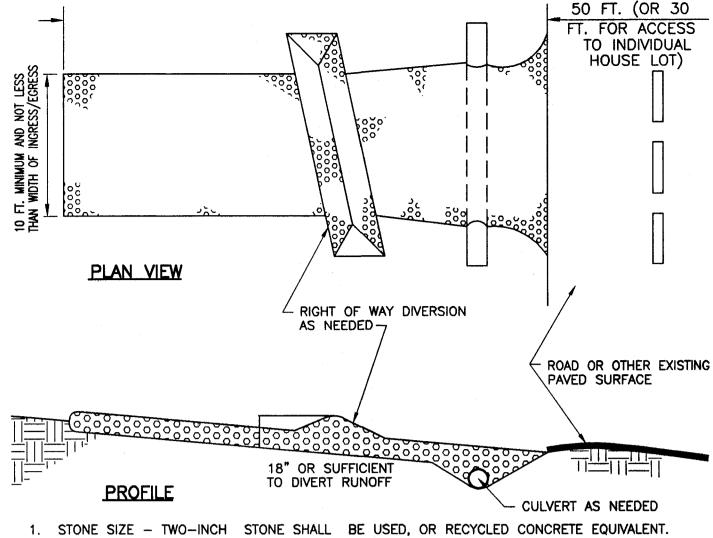
- UPSLOPE LAND DISTRUBANCE BEGINS.
- 2. ALL SILT FENCE SHALL BE PLACED AS CLOSE TO THE CONTOUR AS POSSIBLE SO THAT WATER WILL NOT CONCENTRATE AT LOW POINTS IN THE FENCE AND SO THAT SMAL SWALES OR DEPRESSIONS WHICH MAY CARRY SMALL CONCENTRATED FLOWS TO THE SILT FENCE ARE DISSIPATED ALONG ITS LENGTH.
- 3. TO PREVENT WATER PONDED BY THE SILT FENCE FROM FLOWING AROUND THE ENDS. EACH END SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED UPSLOPE SO THAT THE ENDS ARE AT A HIGHER
- 4. WHERE POSSIBLE, SILT FENCE SHALL BE PLACED ON THE FLATTEST AREA AVAILABLE.
- 5. WHERE POSSIBLE, VEGETATION SHALL BE PRESERVED FOR 5 ft. (OR AS MUCH AS POSSIBLE) UPSLOPE FROM THE SILT FENCE IF VEGETÁTION IS REMOVED, IT SHALL BE RE-ESTABLISHED WITHIN 7 DAYS FROM THE INSTALLATION OF THE FENCE.
- 6. SOIL STOCKPILES OR OTHER SOURCES OF SEDIMENT SHALL HAVE SILT FENCE PROTECTION.
- 7. THE SILT FENCE SHALL BE PLACED IN A TRENCH CUT A MINIMUM OF 6" DEEP. THE TRENCH SHALL BE CUT WITH A TRENCHER. CABLE LAYING MACHINE, OR OTHER SUITABLE DEVICE WHICH WILL ENSURE AN ADEQUATELY

UNIFORM TRENCH DEPTH.

- 1. SILT FENCE SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED BEFORE 8. THE SILT FENCE SHALL BE PLACED WITH THE STAKES ON THE DOWNSLOPE SIDE OF THE GEOTEXTILE AND SO THAT 8" OF CLOTH ARE BELOW THE GROUND SURFACE, EXCESS MATERIAL SHALL LAY ON THE BOTTOM OF THE 6" DEEP TRENCH. THE TRENCH SHALL BE BACKFILLED AND COMPACTED.
 - 9. SEAMS BETWEEN SECTION OF SILT FENCE SHALL BE OVERLAPPED WITH THE END STAKES OF EACH SECTION WRAPPED TOGETHER BEFORE DRIVING INTO THE GROUND.
 - MAINTENANCE -- SILT FENCE SHALL ALLOW RUNOFF TO PASS ONLY AS DIFFUSE FLOW THROUGH THE GEOTEXTILE. IF RUNOFF OVERTOPS THE SILT FENCE, FLOWS UNDER OR AROUND THE ENDS. OR IN ANY OTHER WAY BECOMES A CONCENTRATED FLOW, ONE OF THE FOLLOWING SHALL BE PERFORMED, AS APPROPRIATE:) THE LAYOUT OF THE SILT FENCE SHALL BE ACCUMULATED SEDIMENT SHALL BE REMOVED, 3) OTHER PRACTICES SHALL BE INSTALLED.
 - CRITERIA FOR SILT FENCE MATERIALS FENCE POSTS - THE LENGTH SHALL BE A MINIMUM OF 32" LONG. WOOD POST WILL BE 2" X 2" HARDWOOD OF SOUND QUALITY. THE MAXIMUM SPACING BETWEEN POSTS SHALL BE
 - 2. SILT FENCE FABRIC (SEE CHART BELOW):

| FABRIC PROPERTIES | VALUES | TEST METHOD |
|---------------------------------|--|------------------------|
| GRAB TENSILE STRENGTH | 90 LB. MINIMUM | ASTM D 1682 |
| MULLEN BURST STRENGTH | 190 P.S.I. MINIMUM | ASTM D 3786 |
| SLURRY FLOW RATE | 0.3 GAL./MIN./FT. ² MAXIMUM | |
| EQUIVALENT OPENING SIZE | 40-80 | US STD. SIEVE CW-02215 |
| ULTRAVIOLET RADIATION STABILITY | 90% MINIMUM | ASTM-G-26 |





- TO PLACING STONE. IT SHALL HAVE A GRAB TENSILE STRENGTH OF AT
- 7. WATER BAR A WATER BAR SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED AS PART OF THE CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE IF NEEDED TO PREVENT SURFACE RUNOFF FROM FLOWING THE LENGTH OF THE CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE AND OUT ONTO PAVED SURFACES.
- 8. MAINTENANCE TOP DRESSING OF ADDITIONAL STONE WALL SHALL BE APPLIED AS CONDITIONS DEMAND. MUD SPILLED, DROPPED, WASHED OR TRACKED ONTO PUBLIC ROADS, OR ANY SURFACE WHERE RUNOFF IS NOT CHECKED BY SEDIMENT CONTROLS. SHALL BE REMOVED IMMEDIATELY. REMOVAL SHALL BE ACCOMPLISHED BY SCRAPING OR SWEEPING.
- 9. CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCES SHALL NOT BE RELIED UPON TO REMOVE MUD FROM VEHICLES AND PREVENT OFF-SITE TRACKING. VEHICLES THAT ENTER AND LEAVE THE CONSTRUCTION SITE SHALL BE RESTRICTED FROM MUDDY AREAS.

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TOP OF GRATE

M2 OR APPROVED EQUAL.

BY ACO DRAIN, INC. OR APPROVED EQUAL.

6" MIN.

SECTION VIEW

THE BASE SHALL BE SLOPED TO DRAIN WITH A MINIMUM LONGITUDINAL

SLOPE OF 1/4" PER LINEAR FOOT. THE FRAME AND GRATE SHALL BE

NEENAH R-4990-FX TYPE A, EAST JORDAN IRON WORKS 6956 TYPE

A PRECAST OPTION MAY BE PROVIDED AT THE OPTION OF THE CON-

CATIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS UTILIZING A FRAME AND GRATE

SUITABLE FOR HIGHWAY TRAFFIC. THE PRECAST DRAIN SHALL BE POLYDRAIN AS MANUFACTURED BY ATB, INC., POLYCAST SERIES 900

TRACTOR. IT SHALL BE INSTALLED PER THE MANUFACTURERS SPECIFI-

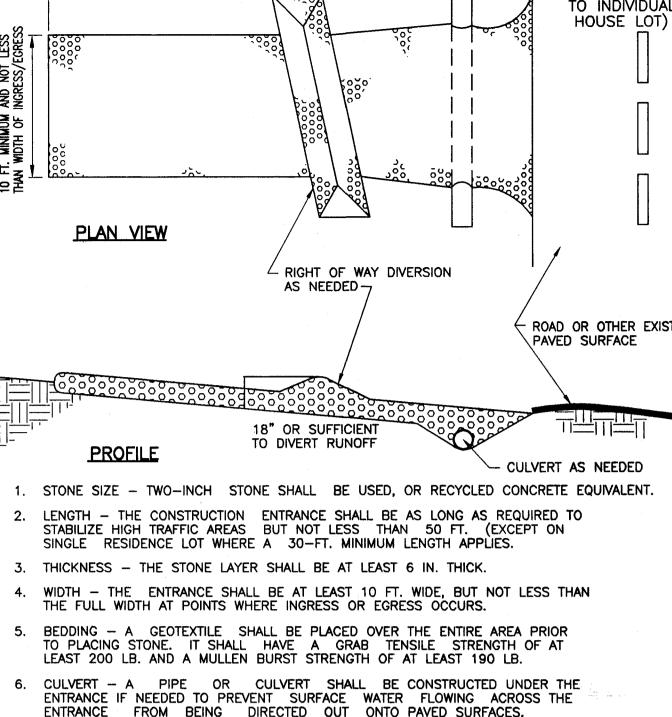
AS MANUFACTURED BY QUAZITE, ACO DRAIN NW100 AS MANUFACTURED

ITEM SPECIAL - TRENCH DRAIN

CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE

POURED IN PLACE

PERMISSIBLE CONSTRUCTION



PERMANENT SEEDING SEEDING RATE SEED MIX LB./1,000 FT: LB./AC. GENERAL USE 10-20 DOMESTIC RYEGRASS KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS 10-20 1/4-1/2 TALL FESCUE 40 1 DWARF FESCUE STEEP BANKS OR CUT SLOPES TALL FESCUE 40 CROWN VETCH DO NOT SEED LATER THAN AUGUS 1/2 TALL FESCUE FLAT PFA DO NOT SEED LATER THAN AUGUST TALL FESCUE ROAD DITCHES AND SWALES DWARF FESCUE 2 1/4 KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS LAWNS KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS PERENNIAL RYEGRASS KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS FOR SHADED AREAS. CREEPING RED FESCUE NOTE: OTHER APPROVED SEED SPECIES MAY BE SUBSTITUTED PERMANENT SEEDING

- TEMPORARY SEEDING SPECIES SELECTION SPECIES SEEDING DATES LB./1,000 FT.² PER ACRE 4 BUSHEL MARCH 1 TO AUGUST 15 TALL FESCUE 40 LB. ANNUAL RYEGRASS 40 LB. PERENNIAL RYGRASS 40 LB. TALL FESCUE ANNUAL RYEGRASS 40 LB 2 BUSHEL AUGUST 16 TO NOVEMBER TALL FESCUE 40 LB. ANNUAL RYEGRASS 40 LB. 2 BUSHEL TALL FESCUE 40 LB. ANNUAL RYEGRASS 40 LB. PERENNIAL RYEGRASS 40 LB. TALL FESCUE ANNUAL RYEGRASS 40 LB. NOVEMBER 1 TO SPRING SEEDING USE MULCH ONLY, SODDING PRACTICES OR DORMANT SEEDING. NOTE: OTHER APPROVED SEED SPECIES MAY BE SUBSTITUTED.
 - 1. STRUCTURAL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICES SUCH AS DIVERSIONS AND SEDIMENT TRAPS SHALL BE INSTALLED AND STABILIZED WITH TEMPORARY SEEDING PRIOR TO GRADING THE REST OF THE CONSTRUCTION SITE. 2. TEMPORARY SEED SHALL BE APPLIED BETWEEN
 - CONSTRUCTION OPERATIONS ON SOIL THAT WILL NOT BE GRADED OR RE-WORKED FOR 45 DAYS OR MORE. THESE IDLE AREAS SHOULD BE SEEDED AS SOON AS POSSIBLE AFTER GRADING OR SHALL BE SEEDED WITHIN 7 DAYS. SEVERAL APPLICATIONS OF TEMPORARY SEEDING ARE NECESSARY ON TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS
 - 3. THE SEED BED SHOULD BE PULVERIZED AND LOOSE TO ENSURE THE SUCCESS OF ESTABLISHING VEGETATION. HOWEVER. TEMPORARY SEEDING SHALL NOT BE POSTPONED IF IDEAL SEED BED PREPARATION IS NOT POSSIBLE.
 - 4. SOIL AMENDMENTS APPLICATIONS OF TEMPORARY VEGETATION SHALL ESTABLISH ADEQUATE STANDS OF VEGETATION WHICH MAY REQUIRE THE USE OF SOIL AMENDMENTS. SOIL TESTS SHOULD BE TAKEN ON THE SITE TO PREDICT THE NEED FOR LIME AND FERTILIZER.
 - SEEDING METHOD SEED SHALL BE APPLIED UNIFORMLY WITH A CYCLONE SEEDER, DRILL, CULTIPACKER SEEDER, OR HYDROSEEDER, WHEN FEASIBLE. SEED THAT HAS BEEN BROADCAST SHALL BE COVERED BY RAKING OR DRAGGING AND THEN LIGHTLY TAMPED INTO PLACE USING A ROLLER OR OF CULTIPACKER. IF HYDROSEEDING IS USED, THE SEED AND FERTILIZER WILL BE MIXED ON-SITE AND THE SEEDING SHALL BE DONE IMMEDIATELY AND WITHOUT INTERRUPTION.

TEMPORARY SEEDING



EROSION CONTROL NOTES

1. ALL PROPERTIES ADJACENT TO THE SITE OF SOIL-DISTURBING ACTIVITY SHALL BE PROTECTED TO THE MAXIMUM EXTENT PRACTICABLE, FROM SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT RUNOFF AND DRAINAGE, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO PRIVATE PROPERTIES. NATURAL AND ARTIFICIAL WATERWAYS, WETLANDS, STORM SEWERS AND PUBLIC LANDS.

SITE INFORMATION

EXISTING SOILS ON SITE

SITE DESCRIPTION - EXISTING - OPEN FIELD

AREA OF SITE TO UNDERGO EXCAVATION - 5.89± AC.

MASSILLON CITY STORM SEWER WHICH OUTLETS

CONOTTON GRAVELY LOAM. 12 TO 18 PERCENT SLOPES, MODERATLEY ERODED

CHILI SILT LOAM, O TO 2 PERCENT SLOPES

PRE-CONSTRUCTION RUNOFF COEFFICIENT - 0.3

POST-CONSTRUCTION RUNOFF COEFFICIENT - 0.8

TOTAL AREA OF SITE - 9.74 AC.

SCHEDULE OF MAJOR CONSTRUCTION

COMMENCEMENT - MARCH 2002

RECEIVING STREAM AND SURFACE WATERS

INTO THE TUSCARAWAS RIVER.

COMPLETION - SEPTEMBER 2002

PROPOSED - WAREHOUSE BUILDING & PARKING LOT

- 2. CONSTRUCTION SITE EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICES USED TO SATISFY THIS REQUIREMENT SHALL CONFORM, AS A MINIMUM, TO STATE OF OHIO STANDARDS AS SET FORTH IN THE MOST-CURRENT EDITION OF THE RAINWATER AND LAND DEVELOPMENT MANUAL, DEFINED BY THE OHIO DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES DIVISION OF SOIL AND WATER CONSERVATION AND NATURAL RESOURCE CONSERVATION SERVICE AND SHALL CONFORM TO THE MOST CURRENT OHIO ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY, OHIO REVISED CODE CHAPTER 6111 REQUIREMENTS.
- 3. EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN APPROVALS ISSUED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THESE RULES DO NOT RELIEVE THE OWNER OF RESPONSIBILITY FOR OBTAINING ALL OTHER NECESSARY PERMITS AND OR APPROVALS FROM FEDERAL STATE, AND/OR COUNTY AGENCIES. IF REQUIREMENTS VARY, THE MOST STRINGENT REQUIREMENTS SHALL BE FOLLOWED.
- 4. EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICES AT THE SITE, AND AS IDENTIFIED IN THE ESC PLAN SHALL COMPLY WITH THE FOLLOWING:
- A. AN APPROVED EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN OR APPROVAL LETTER FROM THE STARK SWCD SHALL BE LOCATED ON SITE FOR REVIEW.
- B. LIMITS TO CLEARING AND GRADING SHALL BE SHOWN ON ESC PLANS. LIMITS TO CLEARING AND GRADING SHALL BE CLEARLY MARKED ON SITE WITH SIGNAGE, FLAGGING, AND/OR FENCING ETC.
- C. INSTALL EROSION AND SEDIMENT PERIMETER CONTROLS AS A FIRST ACTION OF CONSTRUCTION AS SPECIFIED BY CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE. THIS SHALL INCLUDE AND IS NOT LIMITED TO PROTECTIVE BMP'S FOR STREAM CORRIDORS AND CROSSINGS, WETLANDS, SITE ENTRANCE, SEDIMENT TRAPS & BASINS, BARRIERS, AND DIVERSION DIKES.
- D. CONCENTRATED STORM WATER RUNOFF SHALL PASS THROUGH A SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICE BEFORE EXITING THE SITE BOUNDARIES. CONCENTRATED RUNOFF FROM BARE SOIL AREAS SHALL BE DIVERTED INTO A SETTLING POND OR SEDIMENT CONTROL STRUCTURE, OR OTHER APPROVED SEDIMENT BARRIER BEFORE LEAVING THE SITE.
- E. EARTHEN STRUCTURES SUCH AS DAMS, BASINS, STREAM MODIFICATIONS AND WATER DIVERSIONS SHALL BE SEEDED AND MULCHED WITH IN SEVEN (7) DAYS OF THE COMPLETION OF INSTALLATION. DAMS SHALL CONFORM TO THE OHIO DAM LAWS (ORC 1521.06).
- F. STABILIZATION OF CRITICAL AREAS WITHIN 50 FEET OF ANY STREAM OR WETLAND SHALL BE TEMPORARILY STABILIZED WITHIN TWO (2) DAYS OF DISTURBANCE IF AREA WILL REMAIN INACTIVE FOR FOURTEEN (14) DAYS OR LONGER. CONSTRUCTION VEHICLES SHALL AVOID STREAMS AND THE 50 FOOT BUFFER AREAS. IF AN ACTIVE DRAINAGEWAY MUST BE CROSSED BY CONSTRUCTION VEHICLES REPEATEDLY DURING CONSTRUCTION, A TEMPORARY STREAM CROSSING SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED ACCORDING TO THE SPECIFICATIONS IN THE RAINWATER & LAND DEVELOPMENT BOOK. CONSTRUCTION OF BRIDGES, CULVERTS OR SEDIMENT CONTROL STRUCTURES SHALL NOT PLACE SOIL, DEBRIS AND OTHER FINE PARTICULATE MATERIAL INTO OR CLOSE TO THE WATER RESOURCE IN SUCH A MANNER THAT IT MAY SLOUGH, SLIP OR ERODE.
- G. STORM SEWER INLETS (AND SANITARY) SHALL BE PROTECTED SO THAT SEDIMENT-LADEN RUNOFF WILL NOT ENTER THE STORM SEWER SYSTEM WITHOUT FIRST BEING FILTERED AND/OR TREATED.
- H, RE-VEGETATE SOIL, TEMPORARY SOIL STABILIZATION SHALL OCCUR WITHIN SEVEN (7) DAYS AFTER ROUGH GRADING IF THE AREA WILL REMAIN IDLE LONGER THAN THIRTY (30) DAYS, PERMANENT SOIL STABILIZATION SHALL BE INSTALLED WITHIN SEVEN (7) DAYS AFTER FINAL GRADE IS REACHED ON ANY PORTION OF THE SITE, PERMANENT VEGETATION IS A GROUNDCOVER DENSE ENOUGH TO COVER 80% OF THE SOIL SURFACE AND MATURE ENOUGH TO SURVIVE WINTER WEATHER CONDITION.

- I. SOIL STOCKPILES SHALL BE STABILIZED OR PROTECTED TO PREVENT SOIL LOSS. STABILIZATION SHALL BE REQUIRED IF STOCKPILES ARE LOCATED WITHIN CRITICAL AREAS NEAR STREAMS OR WETLANDS, OR IF DETERMINED BY THE STARK SWCD THAT SEDIMENT FROM STOCKPILES WILL LEAVE THE SITE.
- J. UNSTABLE SOILS PRONE TO SLIPPING OR SLOUGHING SHALL NOT BE CLEARED, GRADED, EXCAVATED, FILLED OR HAVE LOADS IMPOSED UPON THEM UNLESS THE WORK IS PLANNED BY A QUALIFIED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER AND INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE ESC PLAN. CUT AND FILL SLOPES SHOULD BE DESIGNED TO MINIMIZE EROSION PROBLEMS.
- ADEQUATE SLOPE DESIGN INCLUDES USE OF ROUGH SOIL SURFACE ALONG THE FACE OF THE SLOPE; WATER DIVERSION ALONG THE TOP OF THE SLOPE AWAY FROM THE FACE; TERRACES TO REDUCE SLOPE LENGTH; DELIVERY OF CONCENTRATED STORM WATER FLOWS TO THE BASE OF THE SLOPE VIA ADEQUATE CHANNEL OR PIPE; AND DRAINAGE FOR WATER SEEPS IN THE SLOPE THAT ENDANGER SLOPE STABILITY.
- K. SOIL SHALL BE REMOVED FROM PAVED SURFACES AND/OR PUBLIC ROADS AT THE END OF EACH DAY IN SUCH A MANNER THAT DOES NOT CREATE OFF-SITE SEDIMENTATION IN ORDER TO ENSURE SAFETY AND ABATE OFF-SITE SOIL LOSS. COLLECTED SEDIMENTS SHALL BE PLACED IN A STABLE LOCATION ON SITE OR TAKEN OFF-SITE TO A STABLE LOCATION.
- L. STABILIZE DISTURBED OR MODIFIED DRAINAGE WAYS. REDUCE EROSION EFFECTS OF STORM WATER BY USING AND/OR MAINTAINING GRASSED SWALES, INFILTRATION STRUCTURES, OR WATER DIVERSIONS.
- M. SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROLS SHALL BE INSPECTED ONCE EVERY SEVEN (7) DAYS AND WITHIN 24 HOURS OF A 0.5" OR GREATER RAINFALL EVENT. A WRITTEN LOG OF THESE INSPECTIONS AND IMPROVEMENTS TO CONTROLS SHALL BE KEPT ON SITE. THE INSPECTIONS SHALL INCLUDE THE DATE OF INSPECTION, NAME OF INSPECTOR, WEATHER CONDITIONS, ACTIONS TAKEN TO CORRECT ANY PROBLEMS AND THE DATE CORRECTIVE ACTIONS WERE TAKEN.
- N. TRENCHES FOR UNDERGROUND UTILITY LINES AND PIPES SHALL BE TEMPORALLY STABILIZED WITHIN SEVEN (7) DAYS IF THEY ARE TO REMAIN INACTIVE FOR THIRTY (30) DAYS. TRENCH DEWATERING DEVICES SHALL DISCHARGE IN A MANNER THAT FILTERS SOIL-LADEN WATER BEFORE DISCHARGING IT TO A RECEIVING DRAINAGE DITCH OR POND. IF SEEDING, MULCHING, OR OTHER EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES WERE PREVIOUSLY INSTALLED, THESE PROTECTIVE MEASURES SHALL BE REINSTALLED.
- 5. CONTRACTOR'S CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE:
- A. INITIAL CLEARING AND GRUBBING TO GAIN ACCESS, AND INSTALLATION OF PERIMETER CONTROLS WITHIN SEVEN (7) DAYS OF CLEARING AND GRUBBING.
- B. MAINTENANCE INSPECTION SCHEDULE AND PARTY RESPONSIBLE FOR INSPECTION AND REPAIR OF EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICES.
- C. PRE-WINTER STABILIZATION MEETING IF PROJECT IS TO BE THROUGH THE WINTER.
- D. FINAL GRADING AND PERMANENT SOIL STABILIZATION WITHIN 30 DAYS OF FINISHING FINAL GRADE.
- E. REMOVAL OF TEMPORARY EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICES.

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SSILLON, CO
BEING OUT 1 & S AG DETAILS
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